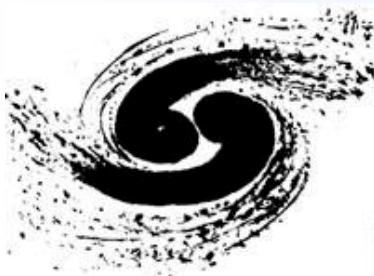


Recent Results from BESIII

Shuangshi Fang

(for the BESIII Collaboration)



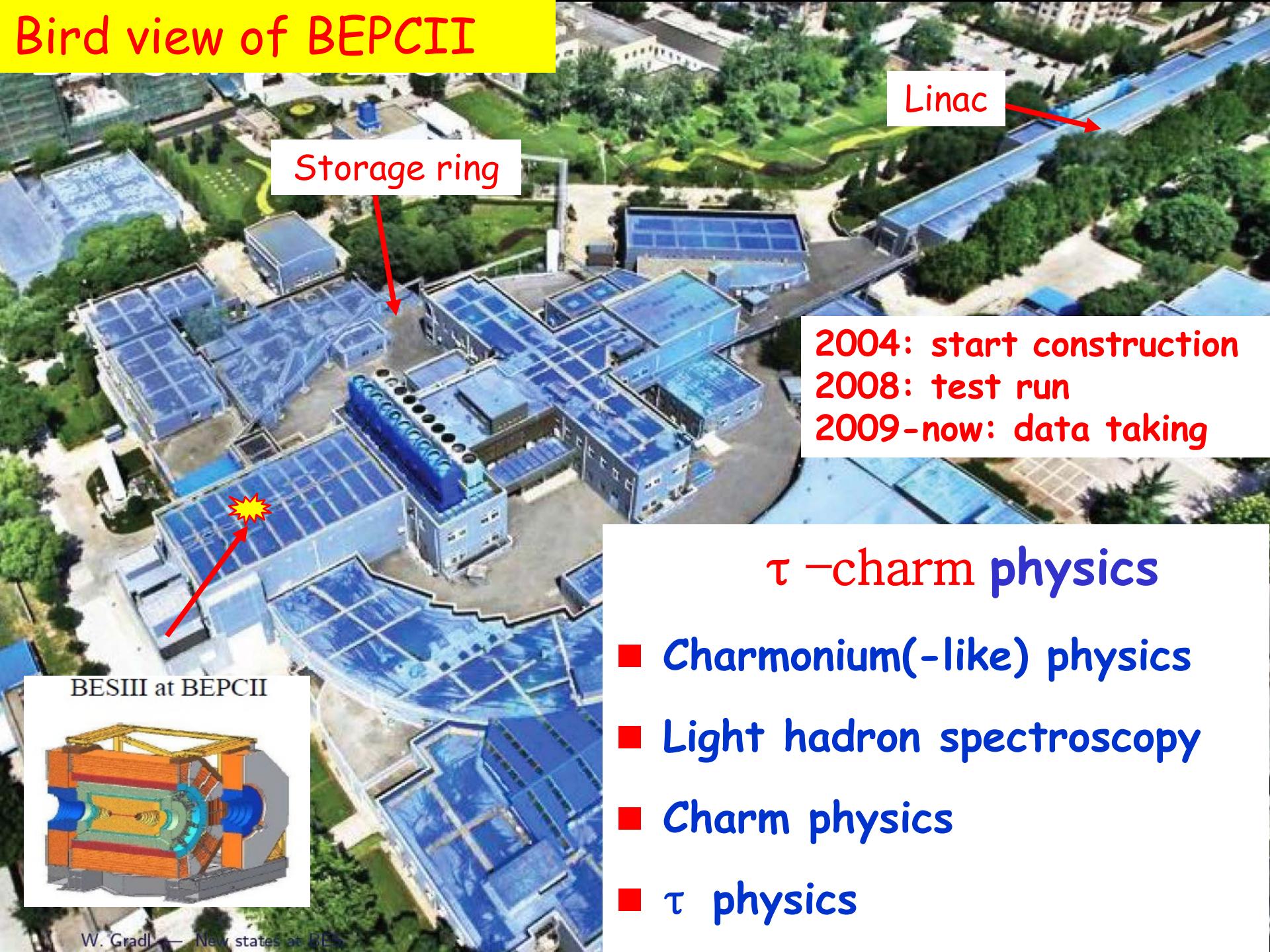
Institute of High Energy Physics, Beijing

The XV International Conference on Hadron Spectroscopy
Nov. 4-8, 2013, Nara, Japan

Outline

- Status of BEPCII/BESIII
- Hadron spectroscopy ($X\bar{Y}Z$, light hadrons)
- Charmonium physics
- Charm physics
- Summary

Bird view of BEPCII



Linac

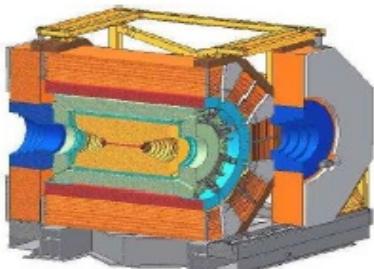
Storage ring

2004: start construction
2008: test run
2009-now: data taking

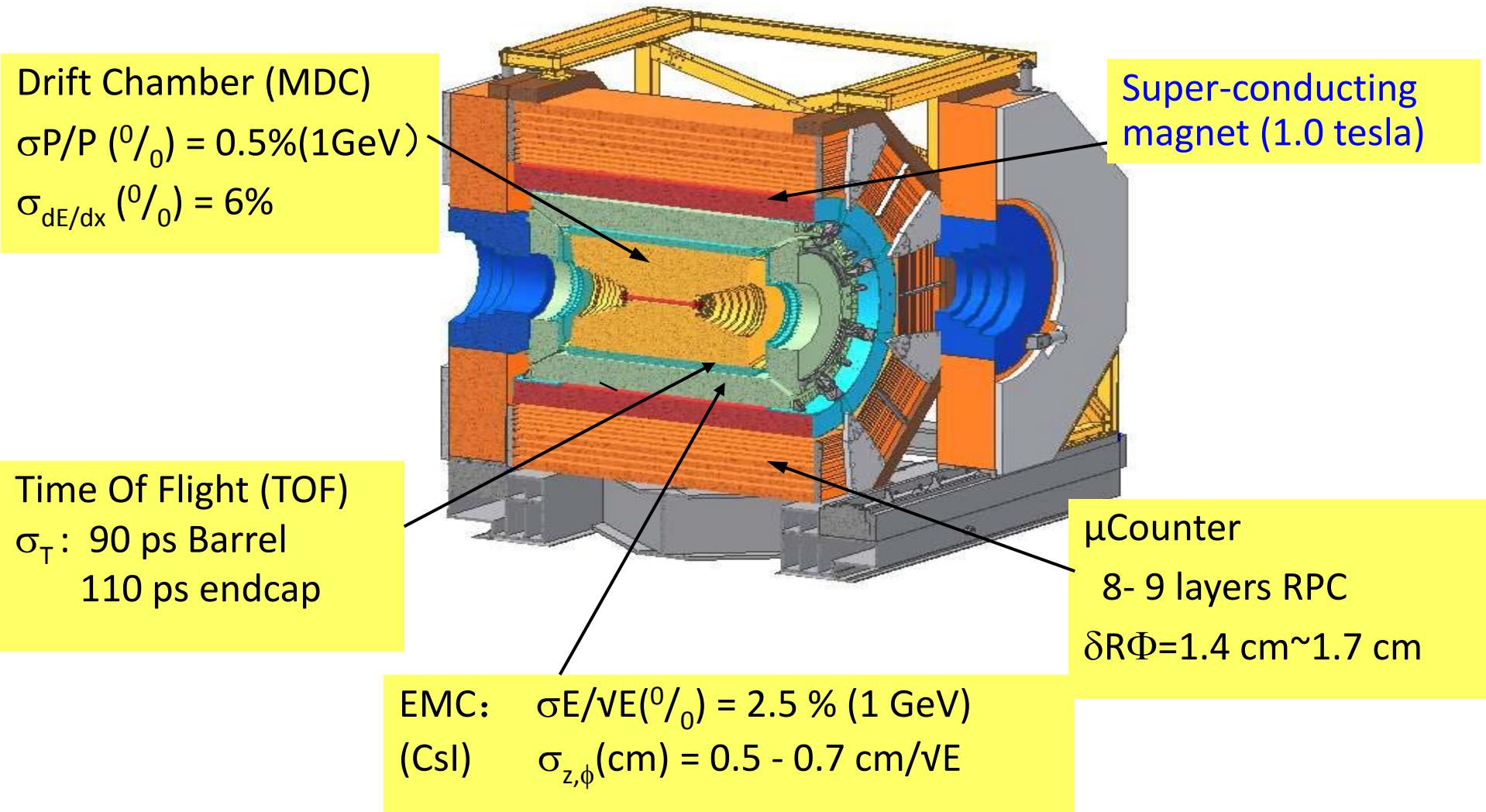
τ -charm physics

- Charmonium(-like) physics
- Light hadron spectroscopy
- Charm physics
- τ physics

BESIII at BEPCII



The BESIII Detector



BESIII Data Samples

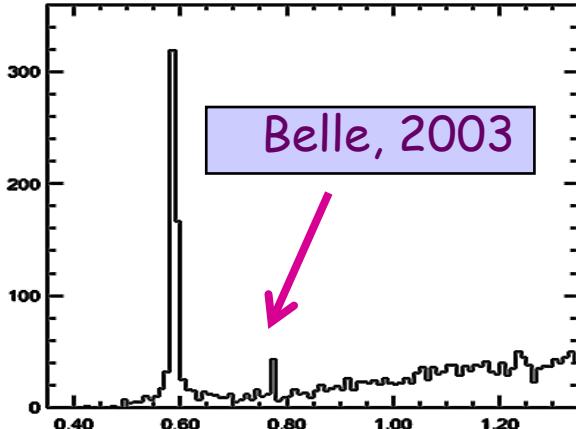
- 2009 : 106 M $\psi(2S)$ events (x4 CLEOc)
225 M J/ψ events (x4 BESII)
- 2010 - 2011 : 2.9 fb^{-1} $\psi(3770)$
- 2011 : $\sim 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ @ 4.01 GeV
 $\sim 30 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ τ mass scan
- 2012 : ~ 0.4 billion $\psi(2S)$ events
 ~ 1 billion J/ψ events
R scan [2.0, 3.65] GeV
- 2013: $\sim 1.1, 0.8, 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ @ 4.23, 4.26, 4.36 GeV
and scan in vicinity

Hadron spectroscopy (XYZ, light hadrons)

Please refer to the talks below for details

- Ryan Mitchell (Indiana U.): "Study of XYZ states at BESIII"
- Tianjue Min (IHEP): "J/ Ψ radiative decays at BESIII"
- Beijiang Liu (IHEP): "Baryon spectroscopy at BESIII"
- Liqing Qin (Shandong U.): " n and n' physics at BESIII"

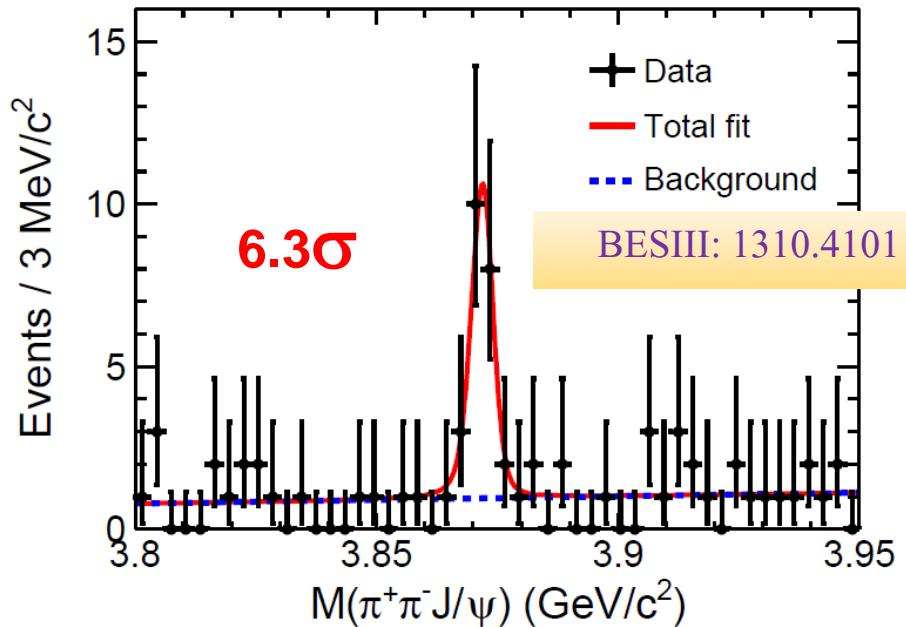
Observation of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X(3872)$



- $J^{PC}=1^{++}$ [LHCb: arXiv:1302.6269]

- Nature:

- Loosely $\bar{D}^0 D^{*0}$ bound state?
- Mixture of excited χ_{c1} and $\bar{D}^0 D^{*0}$ bound state?
- Many other possibilities (if it is not χ'_{c1} , where is χ'_{c1} ?)



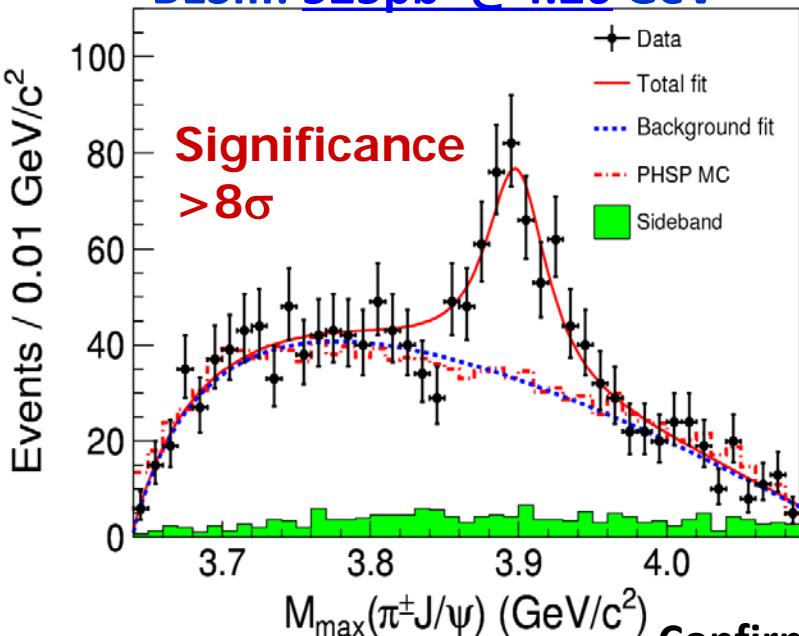
$M = 3871.9 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.2 \text{ MeV}$
 [PDG: $3871.68 \pm 0.17 \text{ MeV}$]

\sqrt{s} (GeV)	N^{obs}	ϵ (%)	$1 + \delta$	$\sigma^B \cdot \mathcal{B}$ (pb)
4.009	< 1.4	25.5	0.861	< 0.12
4.229	9.6 ± 3.1	31.5	0.799	$0.29 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.02$
4.260	8.7 ± 3.0	30.5	0.814	$0.36 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.03$
4.360	< 5.1	21.1	1.023	< 0.39

seems it is from $Y(4260)$ decays

Observation of Zc(3900) at BESIII

BESIII: 525 pb⁻¹ @ 4.26 GeV

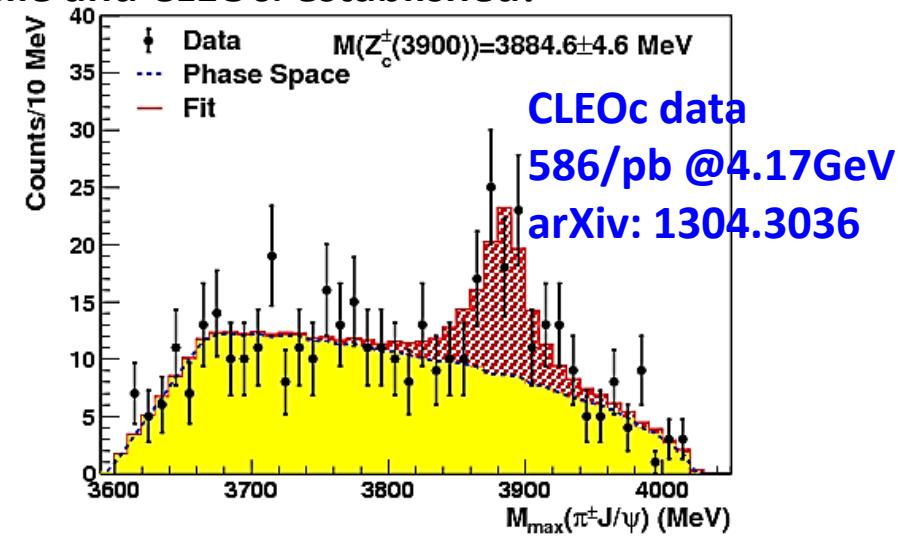
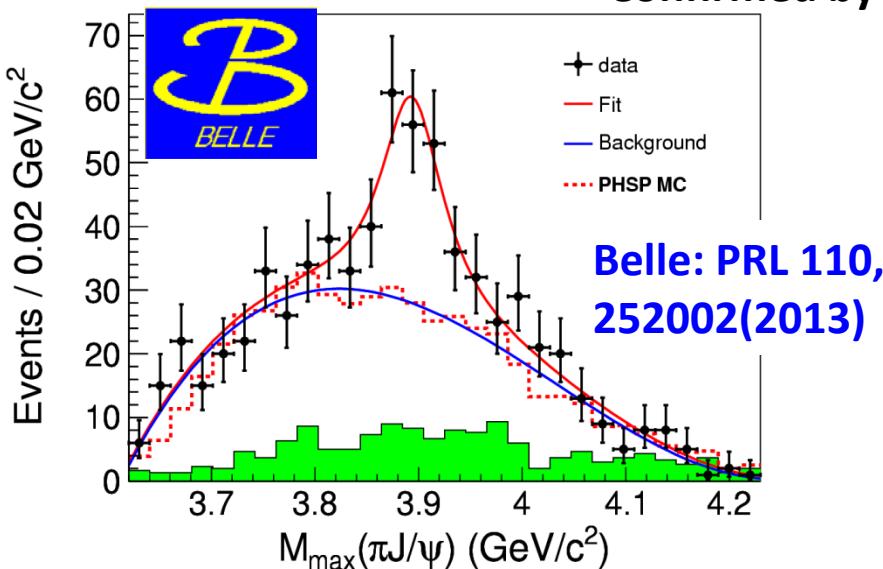


BESIII: PRL110, 252001 (2013)

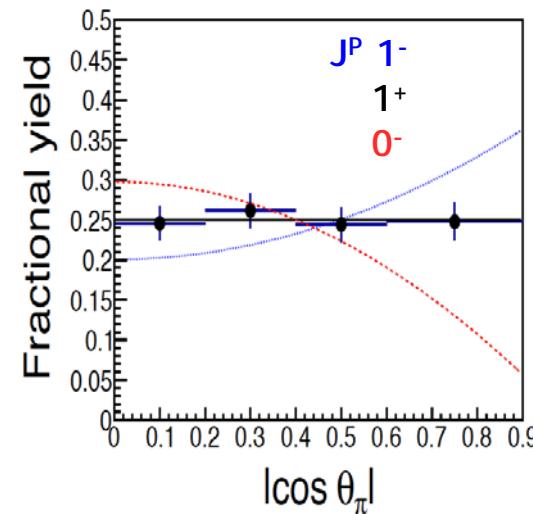
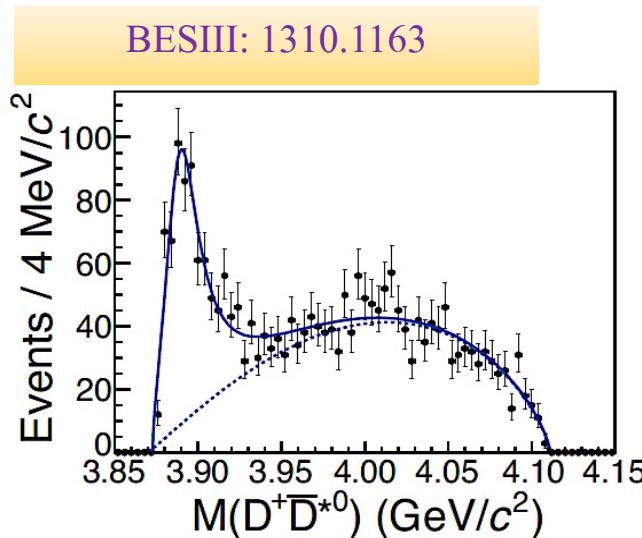
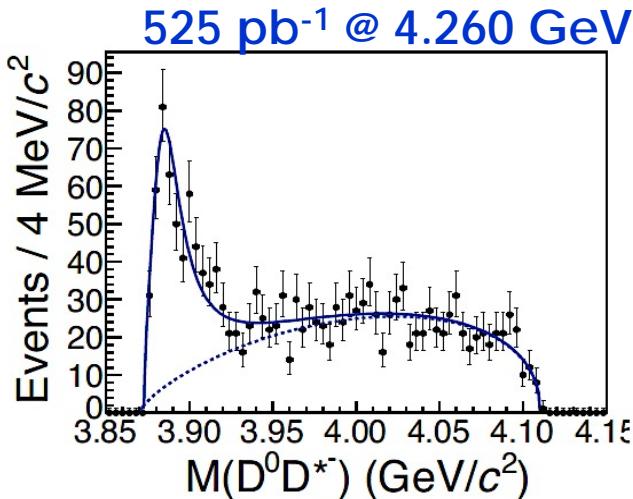
- $M = 3899.0 \pm 3.6 \pm 4.9$ MeV
- $\Gamma = 46 \pm 10 \pm 20$ MeV
- 307 ± 48 events

The mass position is 24 MeV away from DD* threshold!
A Partial wave analysis is on going!

Confirmed by Belle and CLEOc: established!



Observation of Zc(3885) in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^- (D^*D)$



- $M = 3883.9 \pm 1.5 \pm 4.2 \text{ MeV}$; $\Gamma = 24.8 \pm 3.3 \pm 11.0 \text{ MeV}$
- $\sigma \times B = 85.3 \pm 6.6 \pm 22.0 \text{ pb}$ [pole position]
- fits favor **1⁺** distribution assumption

fit with mass-dependent-width BW with phase space and efficiency correction

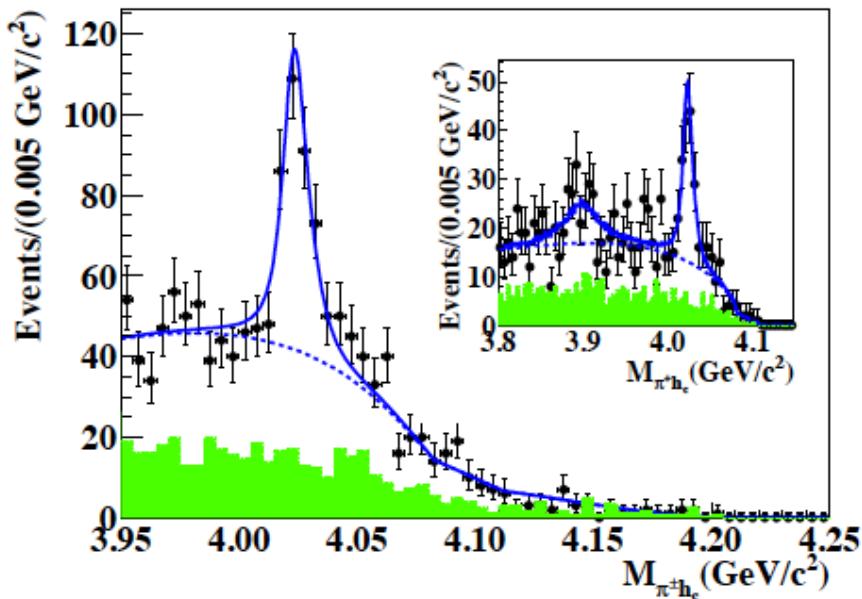
$$\frac{\Gamma(Z_c(3885) \rightarrow D\bar{D}^*)}{\Gamma(Z_c(3900) \rightarrow \pi J/\psi)} = 6.2 \pm 1.1 \pm 2.7$$

Assuming Z_c(3885) due to Z_c(3900)

Large non-D \bar{D} coupling

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi Z_c(4020) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- h_c$$

BESIII: 1309.1896

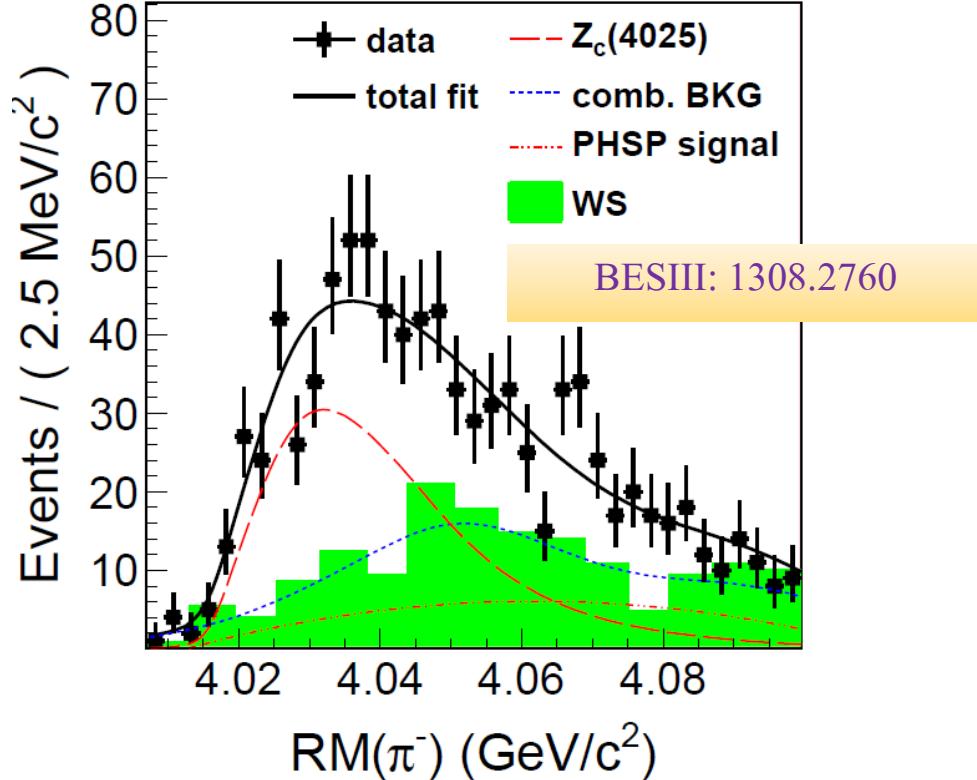
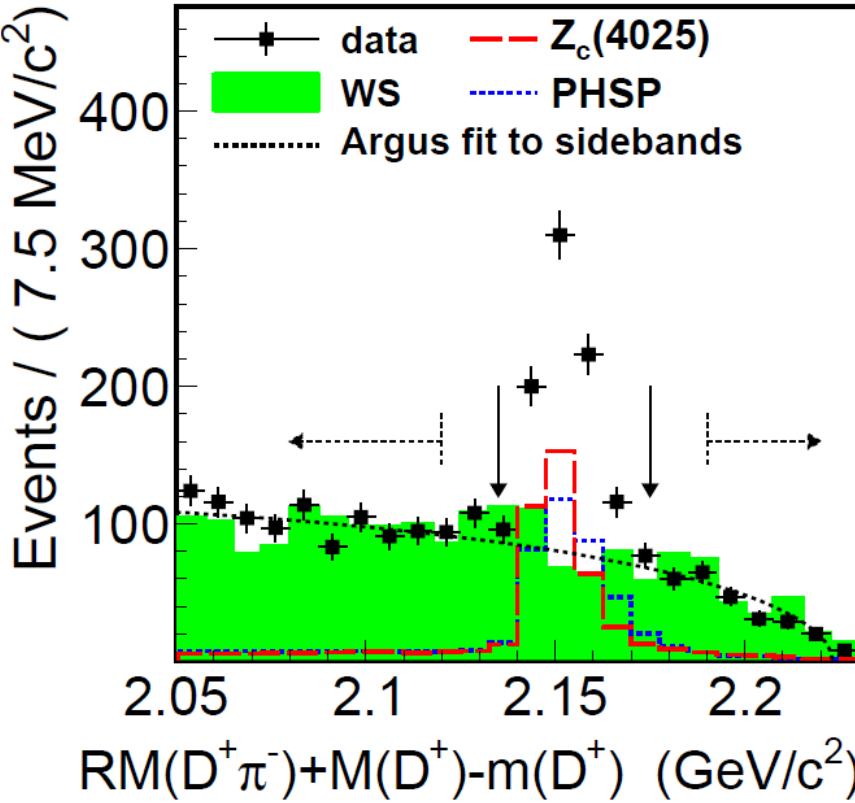


Simultaneous fit to
4.23/4.26/4.36 GeV data, 16 η_c
decay modes.
 $M = 4022.9 \pm 0.8 \pm 2.7 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
 $\Gamma = 7.9 \pm 2.7 \pm 2.6 \text{ MeV}$

- $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- h_c)$:
- $8.7 \pm 1.9 \pm 2.8 \pm 1.4 \text{ pb}$ @ 4.230
- $7.4 \pm 1.7 \pm 2.1 \pm 1.2 \text{ pb}$ @ 4.260
- $10.3 \pm 2.3 \pm 3.1 \pm 1.6 \text{ pb}$ @ 4.360

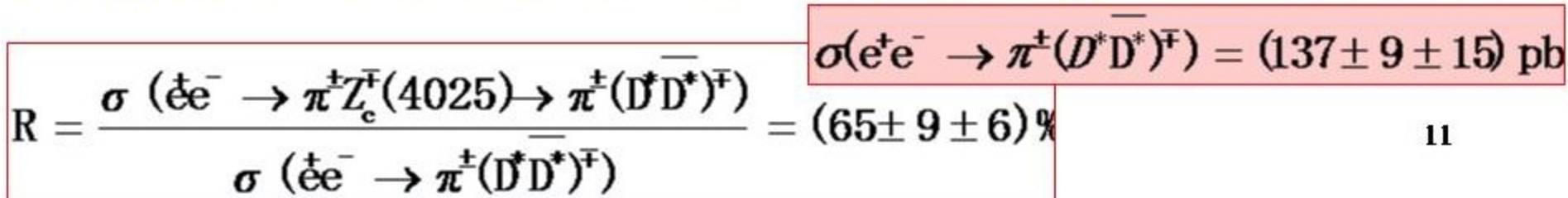
Significance: 8.9σ ($Z_c(4020)$)
No significant $Z_c(3900)$ (2.1σ)

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi Z_c(4025) \rightarrow \pi^- (D^* \bar{D}^*)^+$$



Fit to π^\pm recoil mass yields 401 ± 47 Z_c(4025) events. $>10\sigma$

$M(Z_c(4025)) = 4026.3 \pm 2.6 \pm 3.7 \text{ MeV}$; $\Gamma(Z_c(4025)) = 24.8 \pm 5.6 \pm 7.7 \text{ MeV}$



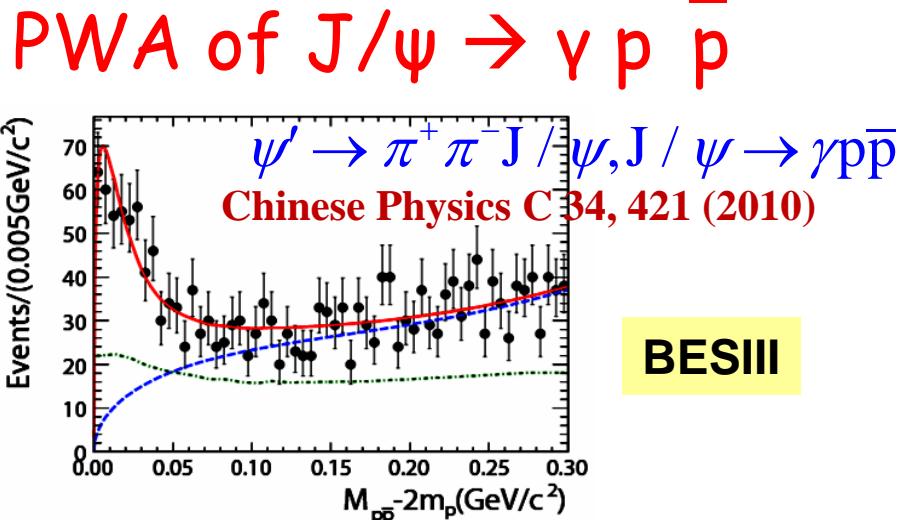
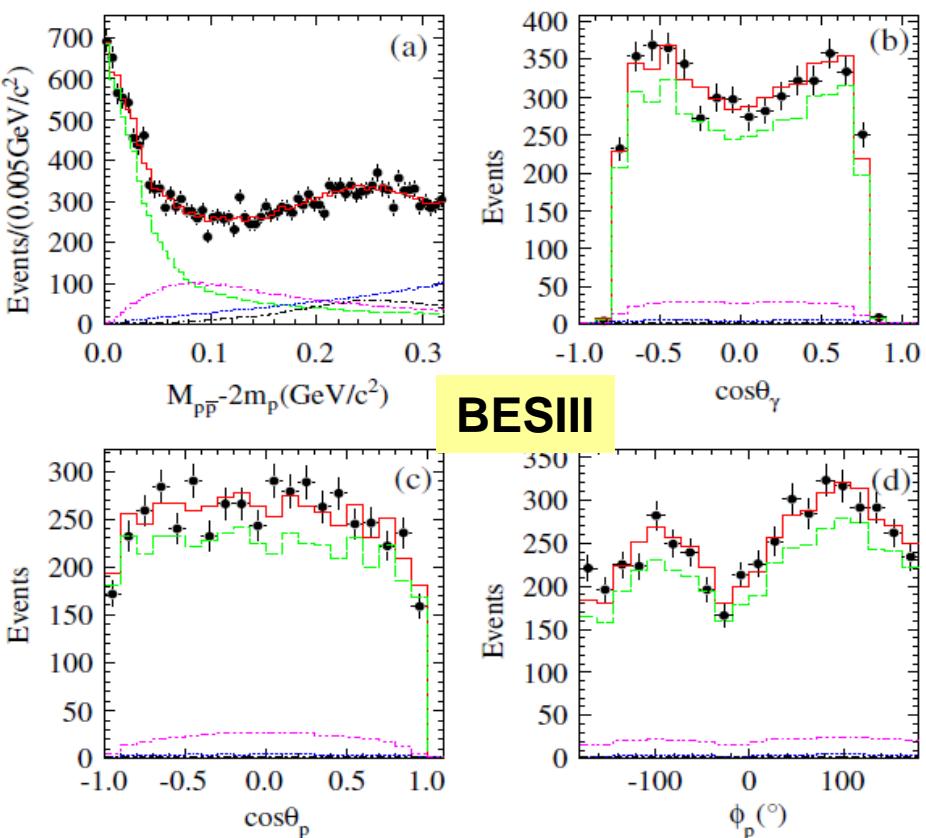
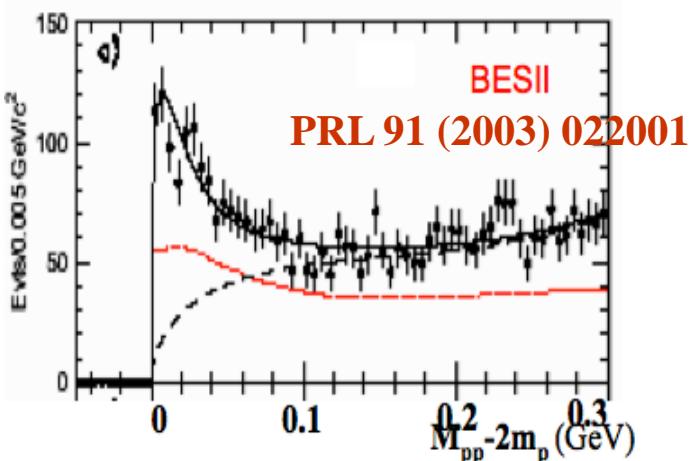
Summary of the Zc states

Channel	Mass (MeV/c ²)	Width (MeV)
$\pi^\pm J/\psi$	$3899.0 \pm 3.6 \pm 4.9$	$46 \pm 10 \pm 20$
$(D \bar{D}^*)^\pm$	$3883.9 \pm 1.5 \pm 4.2$	$24.8 \pm 3.3 \pm 11.0$
	2 σ difference	1 σ difference
$\pi^\pm h_c$	$4022.9 \pm 0.8 \pm 2.7$	$7.9 \pm 2.7 \pm 2.6$
$(D^* \bar{D}^*)^\pm$	$4026.3 \pm 2.6 \pm 3.7$	$24.8 \pm 5.6 \pm 7.7$
	1 σ difference	2 σ difference

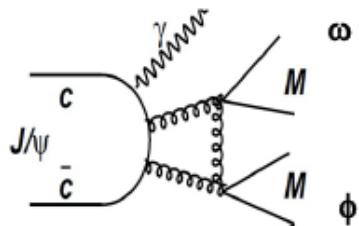
Close to D \bar{D}^* threshold (3875 MeV)

Close to D* \bar{D}^* threshold (4017 MeV)

- At least 4-quarks; Charged; Near threshold;
- Couples to DD final states larger than charmonium final states;
- Whether they are two states need further understanding (couple channel analysis? quantum number determination? interference?)



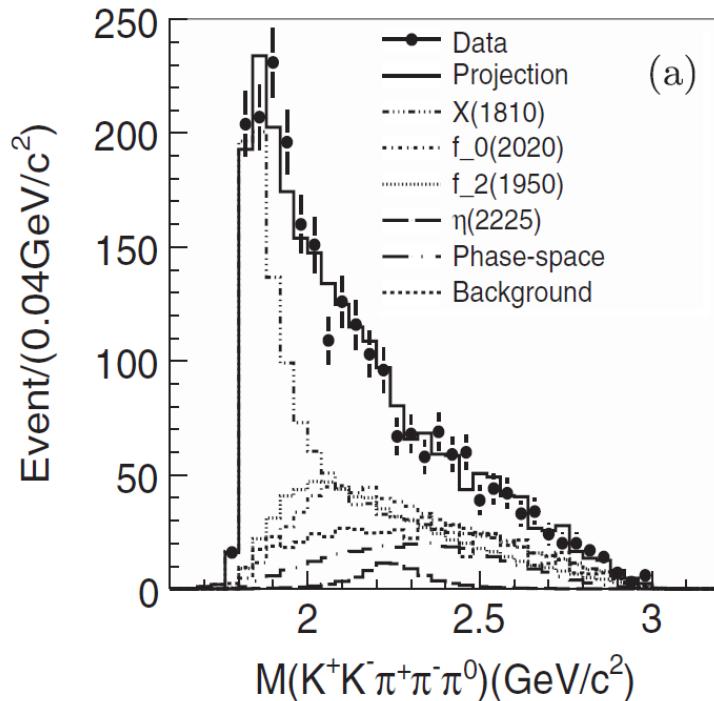
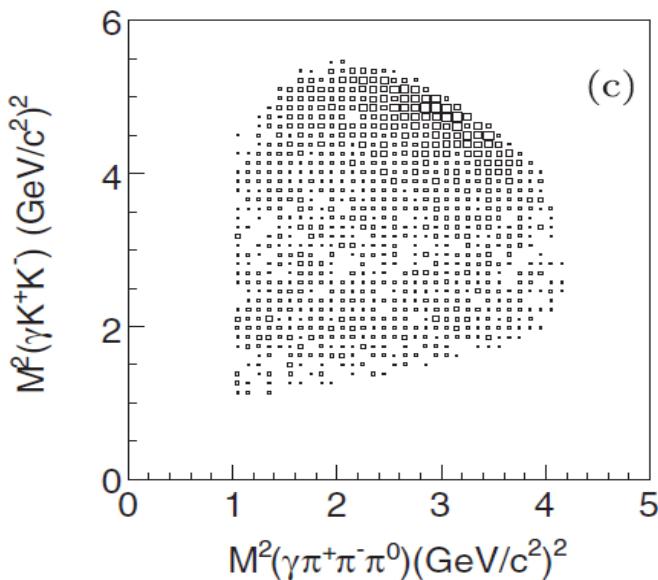
- The fit with a BW and S-wave FSI ($I=0$) factor can well describe the $p\bar{p}$ mass threshold structure
- $J^{PC}=0^{--}$ $>6.8\sigma$ better than other J^{PC} assignments.
- $M = 1832^{+19}_{-5} {}^{+18}_{-17} {}^{+19}_{-19} \text{ MeV}/c^2$
 $\Gamma = 13 \pm 39 {}^{+10}_{-13} {}^{+4}_{-4} \text{ MeV}$ or
 $\Gamma < 76 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ at 90% C.L.



PWA of $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\omega\phi$

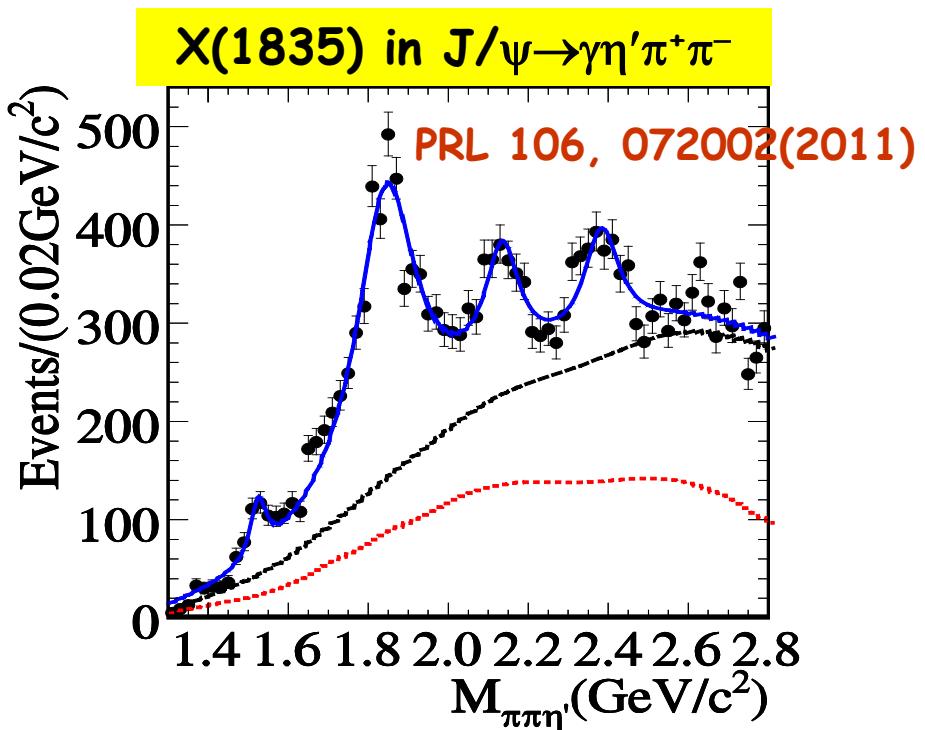
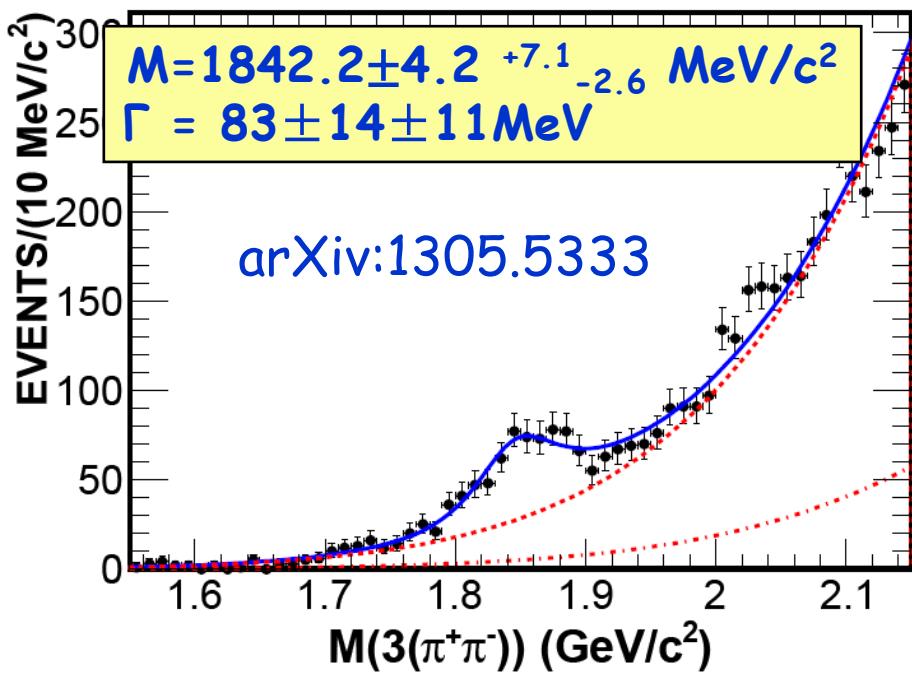
PRD 87, 032008(2013)

$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\omega\phi$ (DOZI)



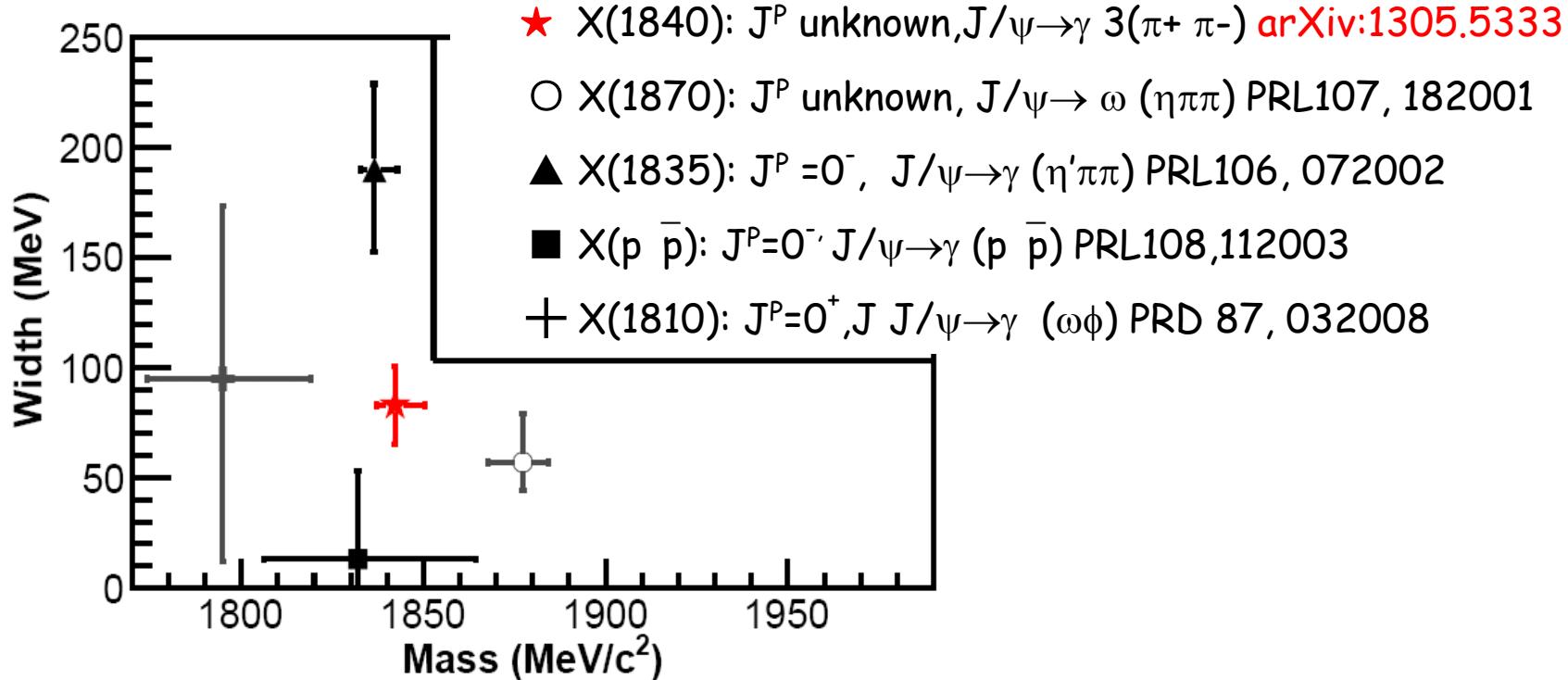
- Confirmed the enhancement observed at BESII
- $M = 1795 \pm 7^{+13}_{-5} \pm 19$ (model) MeV/c²,
- $\Gamma = 95 \pm 10^{+21}_{-34} \pm 75$ (model) MeV
- Spin-parity is determined to be 0⁺
- the same as $f_0(1710)/f_0(1790)$, or a new state ?

Observation of $X(1840)$ in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma 3(\pi^+\pi^-)$



- Mass is consistent with that of $X(1835)$, but the width is much smaller than $\Gamma_{X(1835)} = 190.1 \pm 9.0^{+38}_{-36} \text{ MeV}$
- A new decay mode of $X(1835)$?

Comparisons of the observations at BES

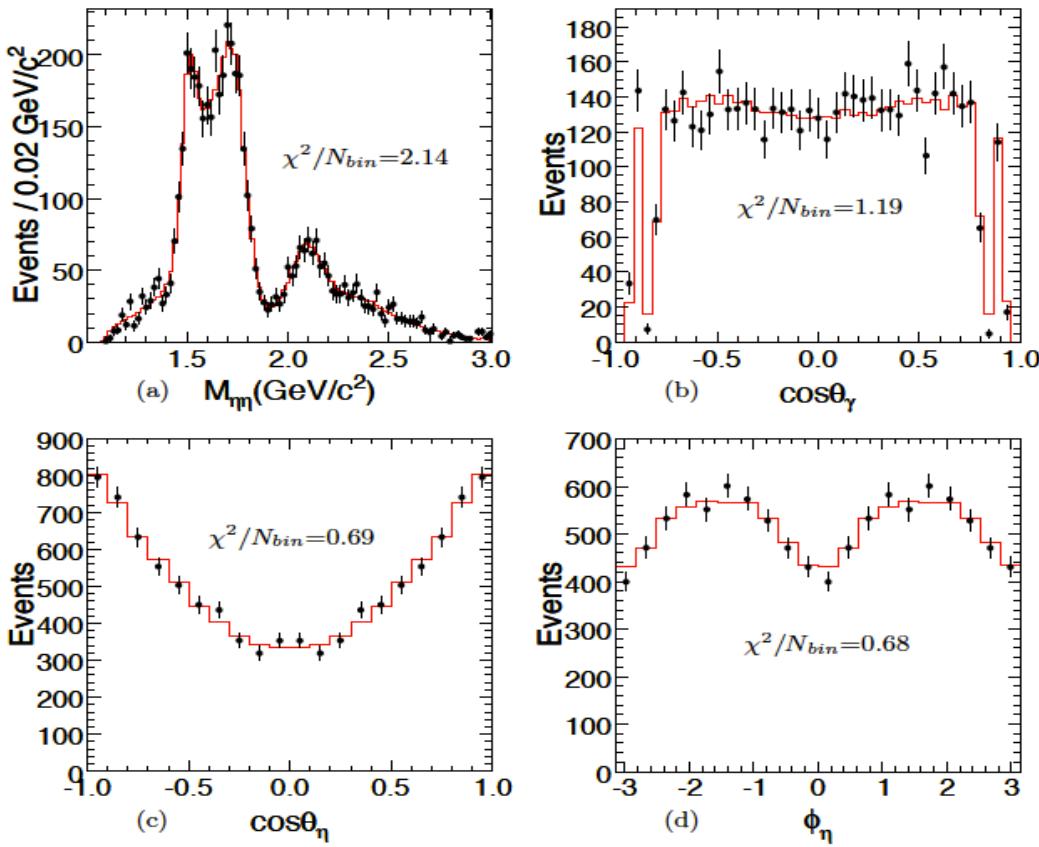


X(18??) near the threshold position of proton-antiproton

Are they the same particle? It is crucial to identify these observations.

PWA in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta$

Phys. Rev. D. 87, 092009 (2013)

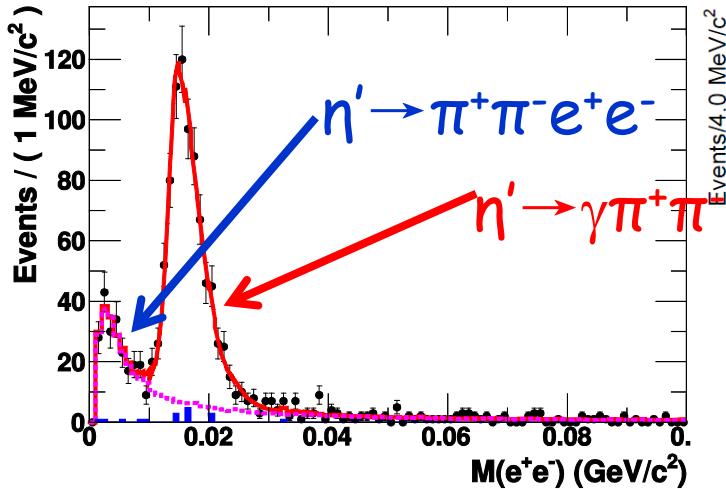


- $f_0(1710)$ and $f_0(2100)$ are dominant scalars
- $f_0(1500)$ exists (8.2σ)
- $f_2'(1525)$ is the dominant tensor
- $f_2(1810)$ and $f_2(2340)$ exist (6.4 and 7.6σ)
- No evidence for $f_J(2220)$

Resonance	Mass (MeV/c^2)	Width (MeV/c^2)	$\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma X \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta)$	Significance
$f_0(1500)$	1468^{+14+23}_{-15-74}	$136^{+41+28}_{-26-100}$	$(1.65^{+0.26+0.51}_{-0.31-1.40}) \times 10^{-5}$	8.2σ
$f_0(1710)$	$1759 \pm 6^{+14}_{-25}$	$172 \pm 10^{+32}_{-16}$	$(2.35^{+0.13+1.24}_{-0.11-0.74}) \times 10^{-4}$	25.0σ
$f_0(2100)$	$2081 \pm 13^{+24}_{-36}$	273^{+27+70}_{-24-23}	$(1.13^{+0.09+0.64}_{-0.10-0.28}) \times 10^{-4}$	13.9σ
$f_2'(1525)$	$1513 \pm 5^{+4}_{-10}$	75^{+12+16}_{-10-8}	$(3.42^{+0.43+1.37}_{-0.51-1.30}) \times 10^{-5}$	11.0σ
$f_2(1810)$	1822^{+29+66}_{-24-57}	$229^{+52+88}_{-42-155}$	$(5.40^{+0.60+3.42}_{-0.67-2.35}) \times 10^{-5}$	6.4σ
$f_2(2340)$	$2362^{+31+140}_{-30-63}$	$334^{+62+165}_{-54-100}$	$(5.60^{+0.62+2.37}_{-0.65-2.07}) \times 10^{-5}$	7.6σ

η and η' physics at BESIII

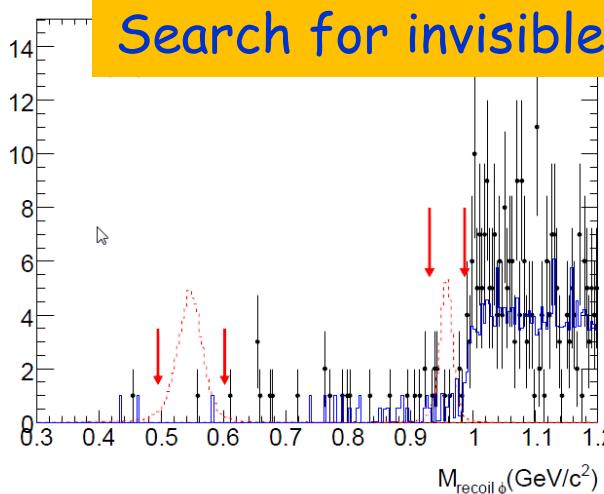
PRD87, 092011 (2013)



$$B(\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-e^+e^-) = (2.11 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-3}$$

PRD87, 032006 (2013)

Search for invisible decays



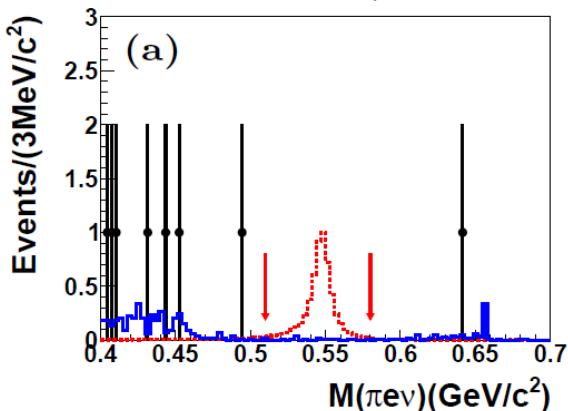
Theory:

PRD 72, 103508(2005)

$$BR(\eta \rightarrow \chi\chi) \sim 7.4 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$BR(\eta' \rightarrow \chi\chi) \sim 8.1 \times 10^{-7}$$

Search for weak decays

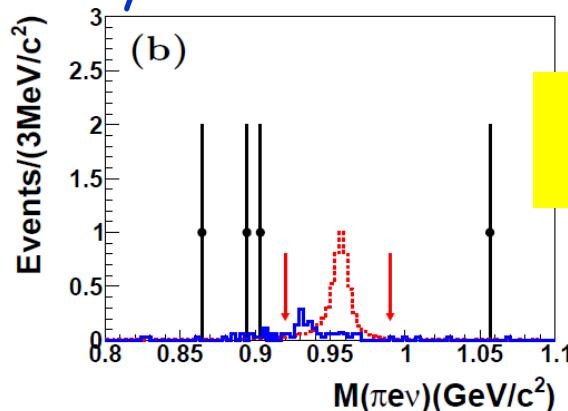


PRD87, 032006 (2013)

$$B(\eta \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$B(\eta' \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 5.3 \times 10^{-4}$$

@90% C.L.



$$B(\eta \rightarrow \pi^-e^+\nu + \text{c.c.}) < 1.7 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$B(\eta' \rightarrow \pi^-e^+\nu + \text{c.c.}) < 2.2 \times 10^{-4}$$

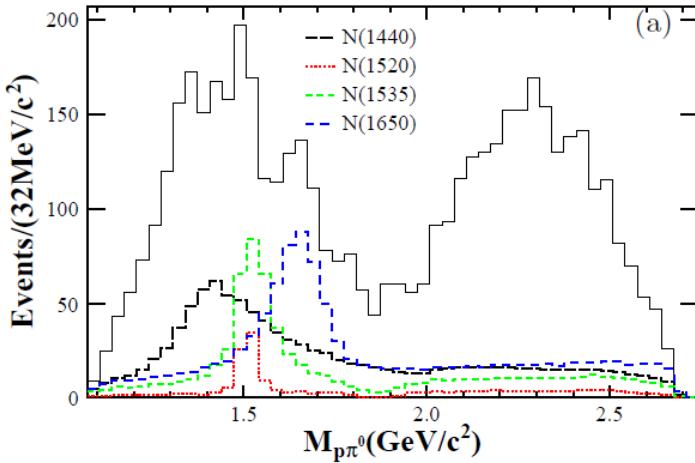
@90% C.L.

theory: $\sim 10^{-8} - 10^{-9}$

Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 46, 413 (2001)

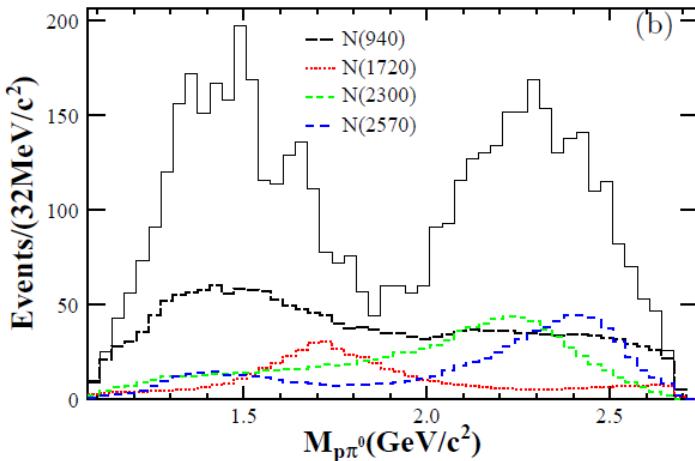
PWA results on N^* baryons in $\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 p \bar{p}$

Phys.Rev.Lett. 110 (2013) 022001



- 2-body decay:
 $\psi(2S) \rightarrow X\pi^0, X \rightarrow p\bar{p}$
 $\psi(2S) \rightarrow p\bar{N}^*, \bar{N}^* \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^0 + \text{c.c.}$
- isospin conservation:
 Δ suppressed

Two new baryonic excited states are observed !



Resonance	$M(\text{MeV}/c^2)$	$\Gamma(\text{MeV}/c^2)$	ΔS	ΔN_{dof}	C.L.
$N(1440)$	1390^{+11+21}_{-21-30}	$340^{+46+70}_{-40-156}$	72.5	4	11.5σ
$N(1520)$	1510^{+3+11}_{-7-9}	115^{+20+0}_{-15-40}	19.8	6	5.0σ
$N(1535)$	1535^{+9+15}_{-8-22}	120^{+20+0}_{-20-42}	49.4	4	9.3σ
$N(1650)$	1650^{+5+11}_{-5-30}	150^{+21+14}_{-22-50}	82.1	4	12.2σ
$N(1720)$	1700^{+30+32}_{-28-35}	$450^{+109+149}_{-94-44}$	55.6	6	9.6σ
$N(2300)$	$2300^{+40+109}_{-30-0}$	$340^{+30+110}_{-30-58}$	120.7	4	15.0σ
$N(2570)$	2570^{+19+34}_{-10-10}	250^{+14+69}_{-24-21}	78.9	6	11.7σ

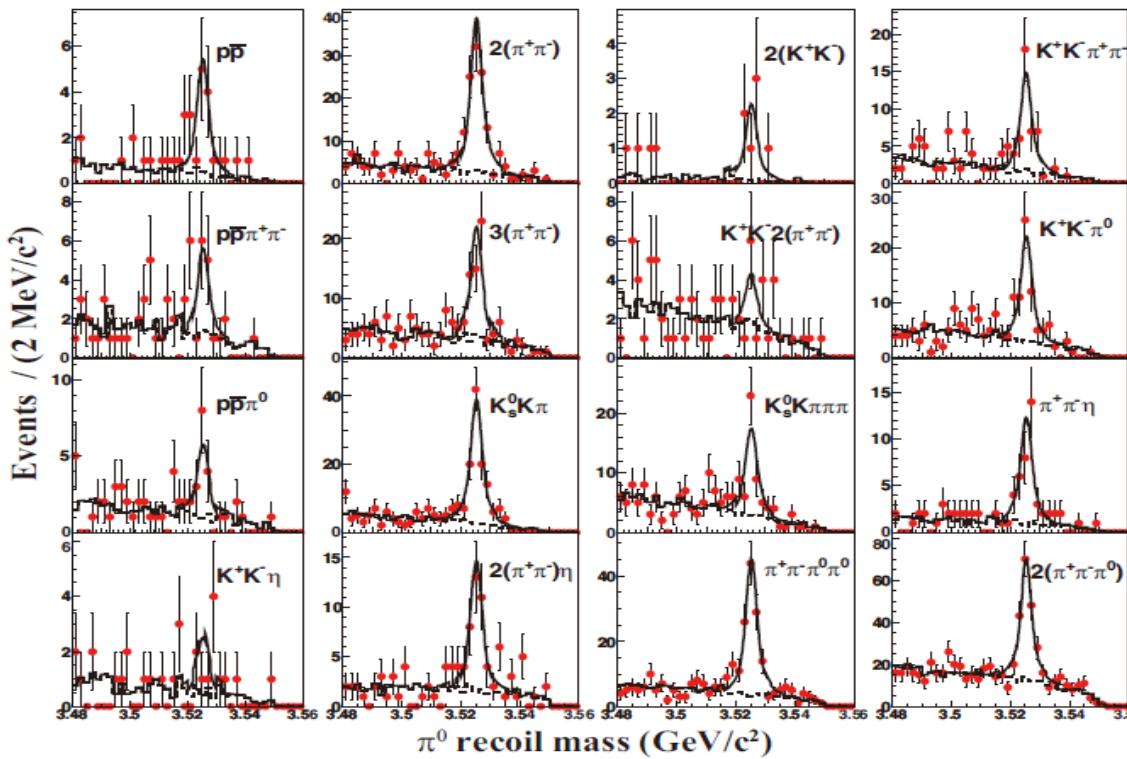
Charmonium physics

Please refer to the talks below for details

- Chi Zhang (Nanjing U.): “Charmonium spectroscopy from BESIII”

$h_c(^1P_1)$ in $\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c$, $h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$, η_c exclusive decays

BESIII: PRD 86, 092009 (2012)



Simultaneous fit to π^0 recoiling mass:

$$M(h_c) = 3525.31 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.14 \text{ MeV}$$

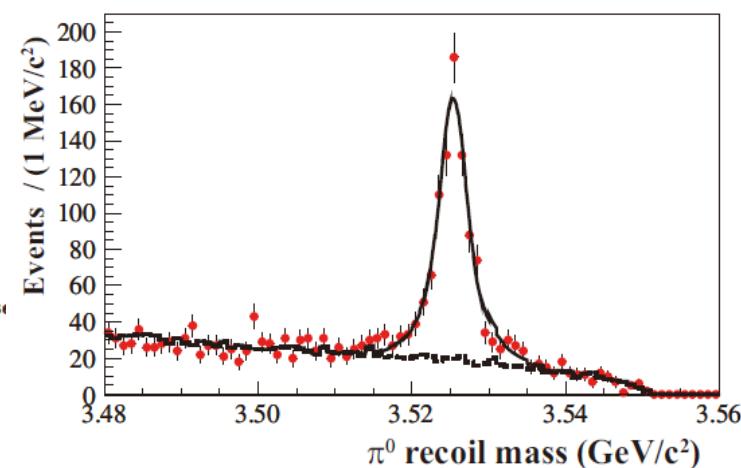
$$\Gamma(h_c) = 0.70 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.22 \text{ MeV}$$

$$N = 832 \pm 35$$

$$\chi^2/\text{d.o.f.} = 32/46$$

$\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c$, $h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$,
 η_c is reconstructed
exclusively with
16 decay modes

Summed π^0 recoil mass



Consistent with BESIII inclusive results PRL104, 132002(2010)

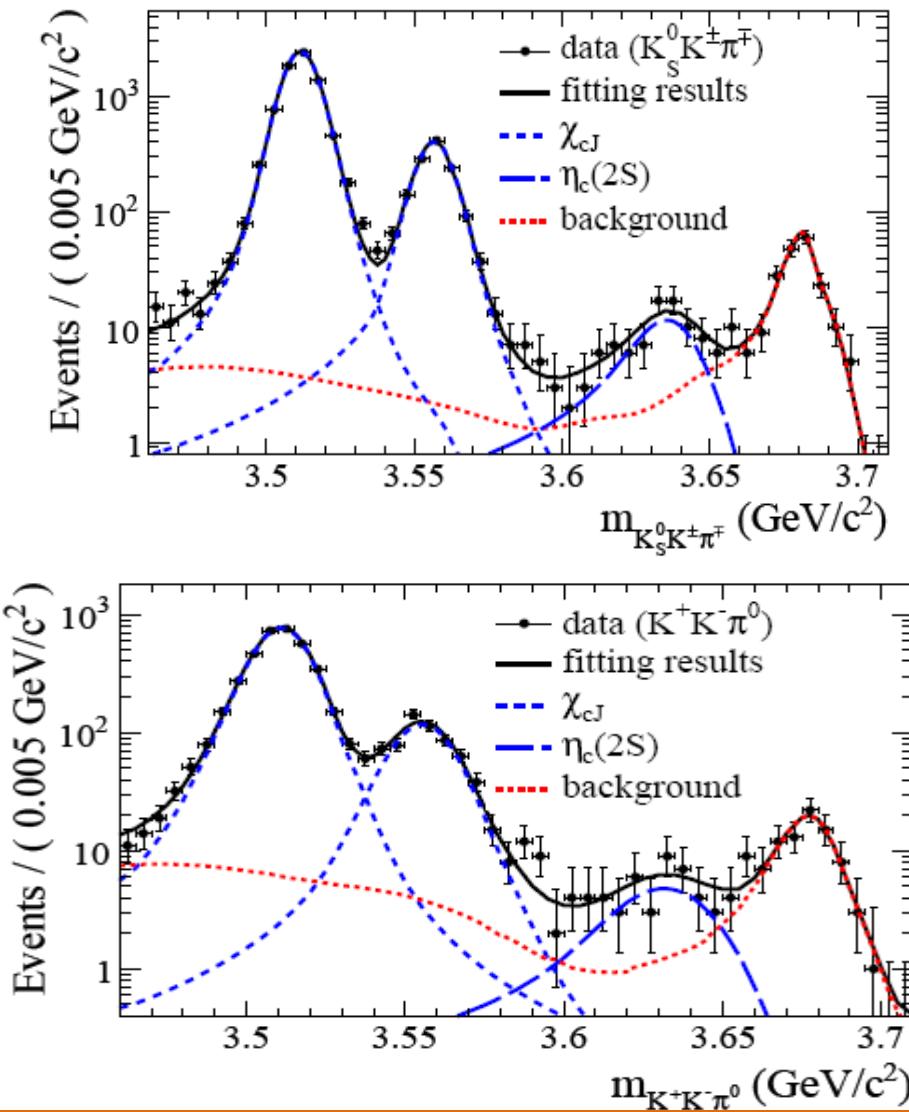
CLEOc exclusive results

$$M(h_c) = 3525.21 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.14 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$N = 136 \pm 14$$

PRL101, 182003(2008)

Observation of $\eta_c(2S)$ in $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)$, $\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_s K\pi$, $K^+ K^- \pi^0$



simultaneous fit results:

$$M(\eta_c(2S)) = (3637.6 \pm 2.9 \pm 1.6) \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 16.9 \pm 6.4 \pm 4.8 \text{ MeV}$$

Statistical significance larger than 10.2σ !

$$\begin{aligned} Br(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K\bar{K}\pi) \\ = (1.30 \pm 0.20_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.30_{\text{sys}}) \times 10^{-5} \end{aligned}$$

+

$$Br(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi) = (1.9 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.1)\%$$

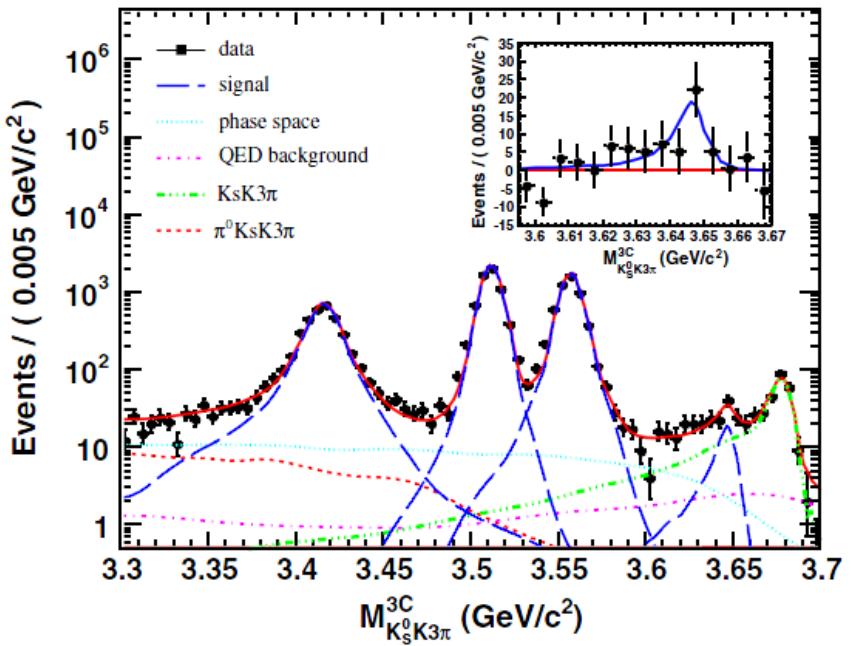
From BABAR(PRD78,012006)

$$\begin{aligned} Br(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) \\ = (6.8 \pm 1.1_{\text{stat}} \pm 4.5_{\text{sys}}) \times 10^{-4} \end{aligned}$$

CLEO-c: $< 7.6 \times 10^{-4}$
 PRD81,052002(2010)

Evidence of $\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_s K 3\pi$

PRD87, 052005 (2013)



$$M(\eta_c(2S)) = (3646.9 \pm 1.6 \pm 3.6) \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

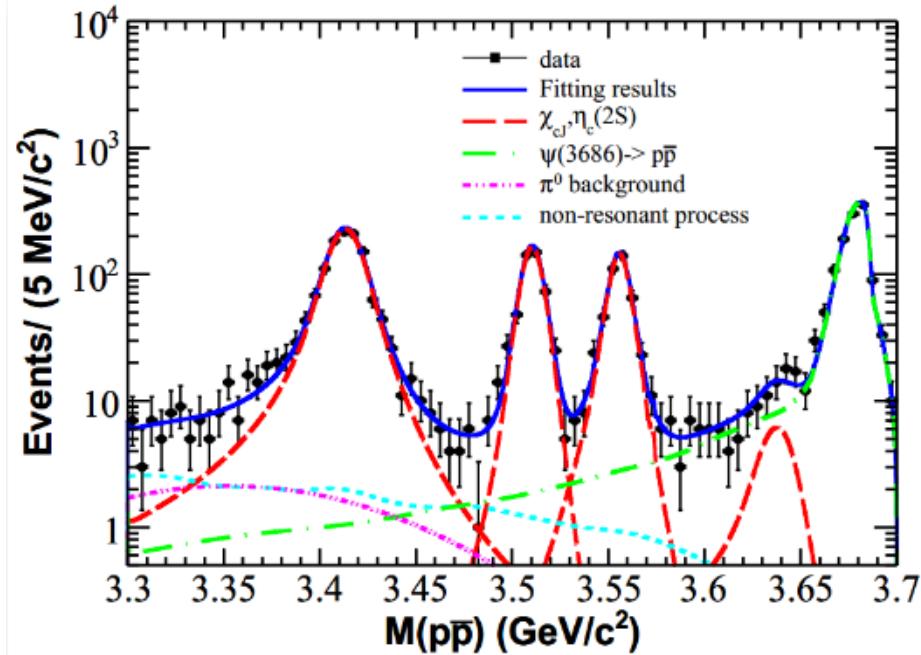
$$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 9.2 \pm 4.8 \pm 2.9 \text{ MeV}$$

Statistical significance : 4.2σ

$$B(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K_s K 3\pi) = (7.03 \pm 2.10 \pm 0.70) \times 10^{-6}$$

Search for $\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow p \bar{p}$

arXiv: 1310.6099



No evident signal was observed

$$B(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma p \bar{p}) < 1.4 \times 10^{-6} \quad @90\% C.L.$$

Charm physics

Please refer to the talks below for details

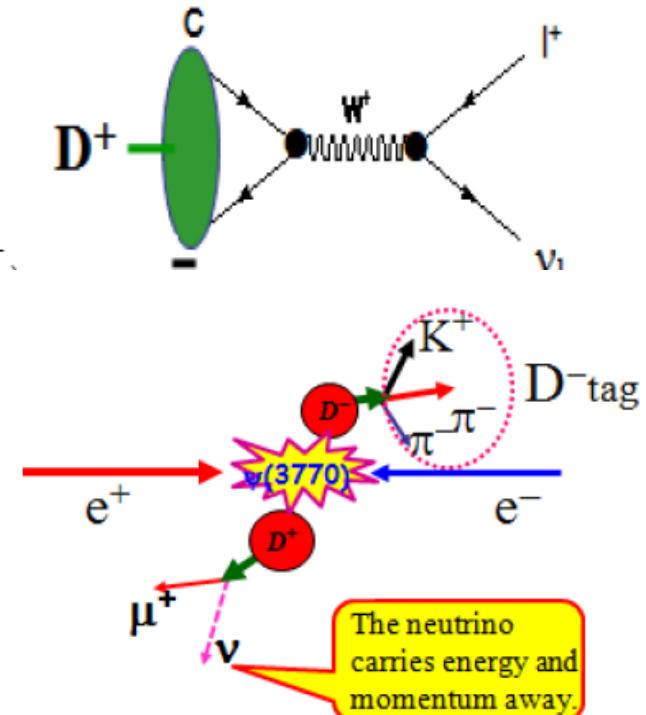
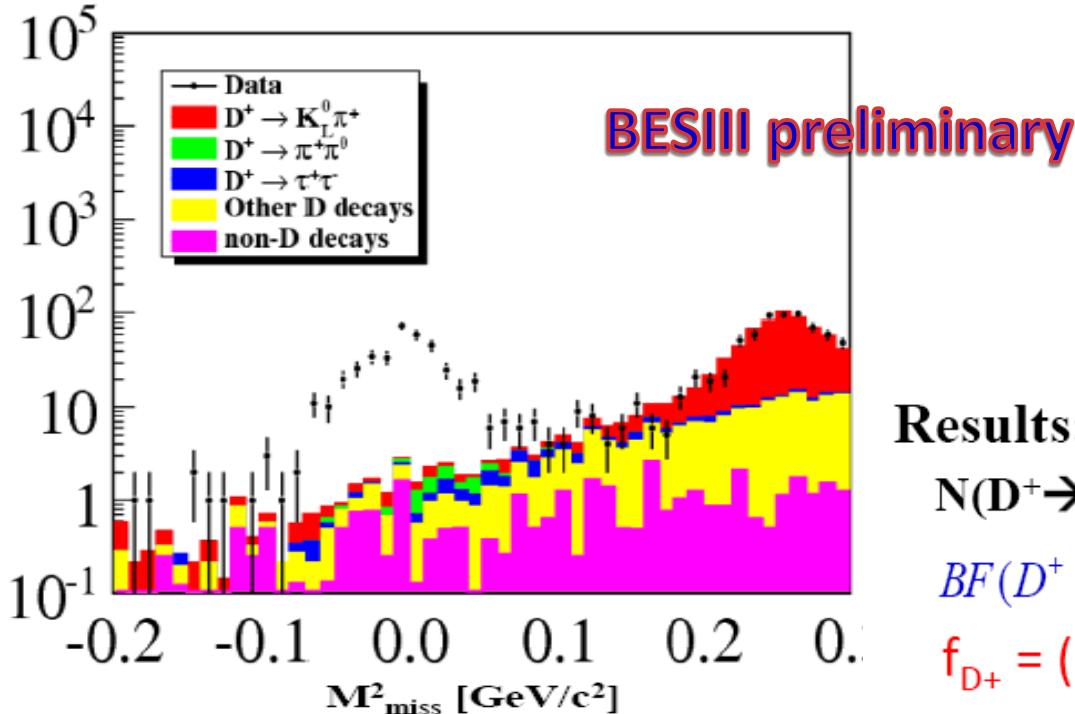
- Hailong Ma (IHEP): "D semi-leptonic and leptonic decays at BESIII"
- Shensheng Sun (IHEP): "Dalitz plot analysis of $D^+ \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^0$ at BESIII"
- Yinghui Guan (IHEP): "Strong phase in $D^0 \rightarrow K\pi$ decay and y_{CP} measurements from CP-tagged D^0 semi-leptonic decays at BESIII"

$D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$ and Decay constant f_{D^+}

- Test LQCD calculation of f_D

$$\Gamma_{\text{SM}}(D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu) = \frac{G_F^2}{8\pi} m_l^2 m_{D_{(s)}} \left(1 - \frac{m_l^2}{m_{D_{(s)}}^2}\right)^2 |V_{cd(s)}|^2 f_{D^+}.$$

- Precise measurement of $|V_{cd}|$



Br. & f_{D^+} at BES-III

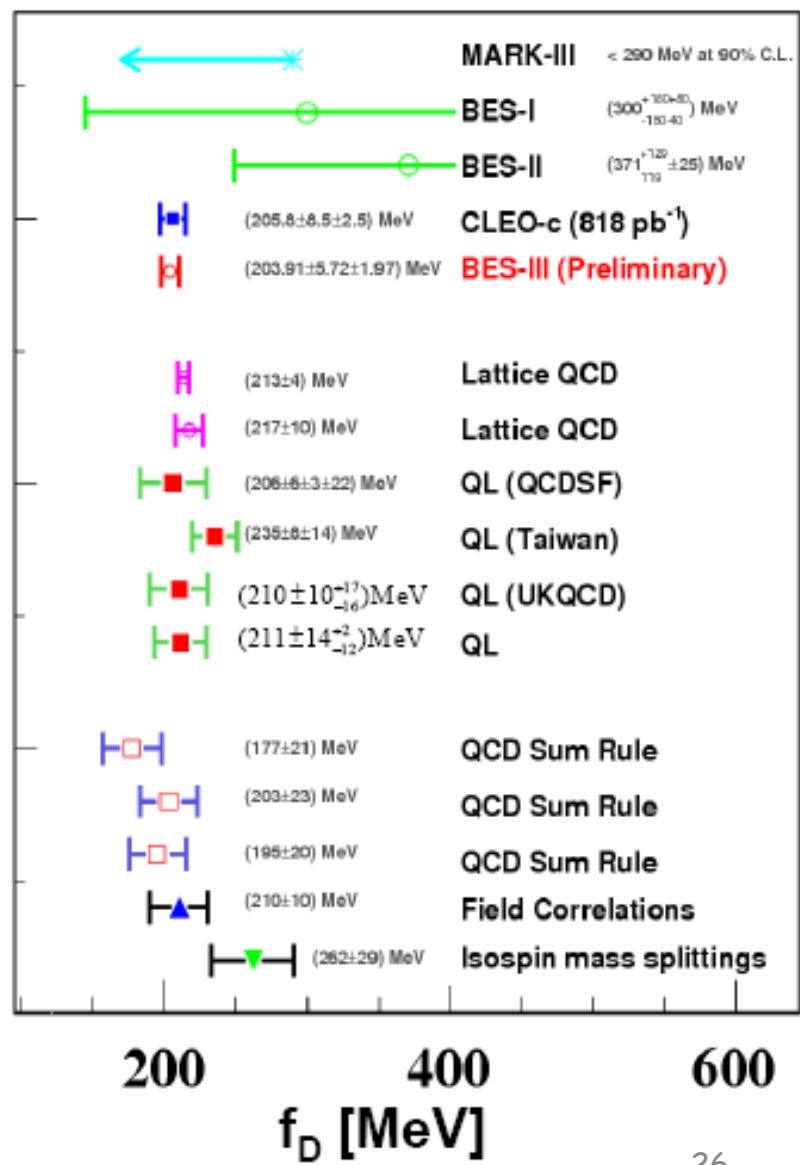
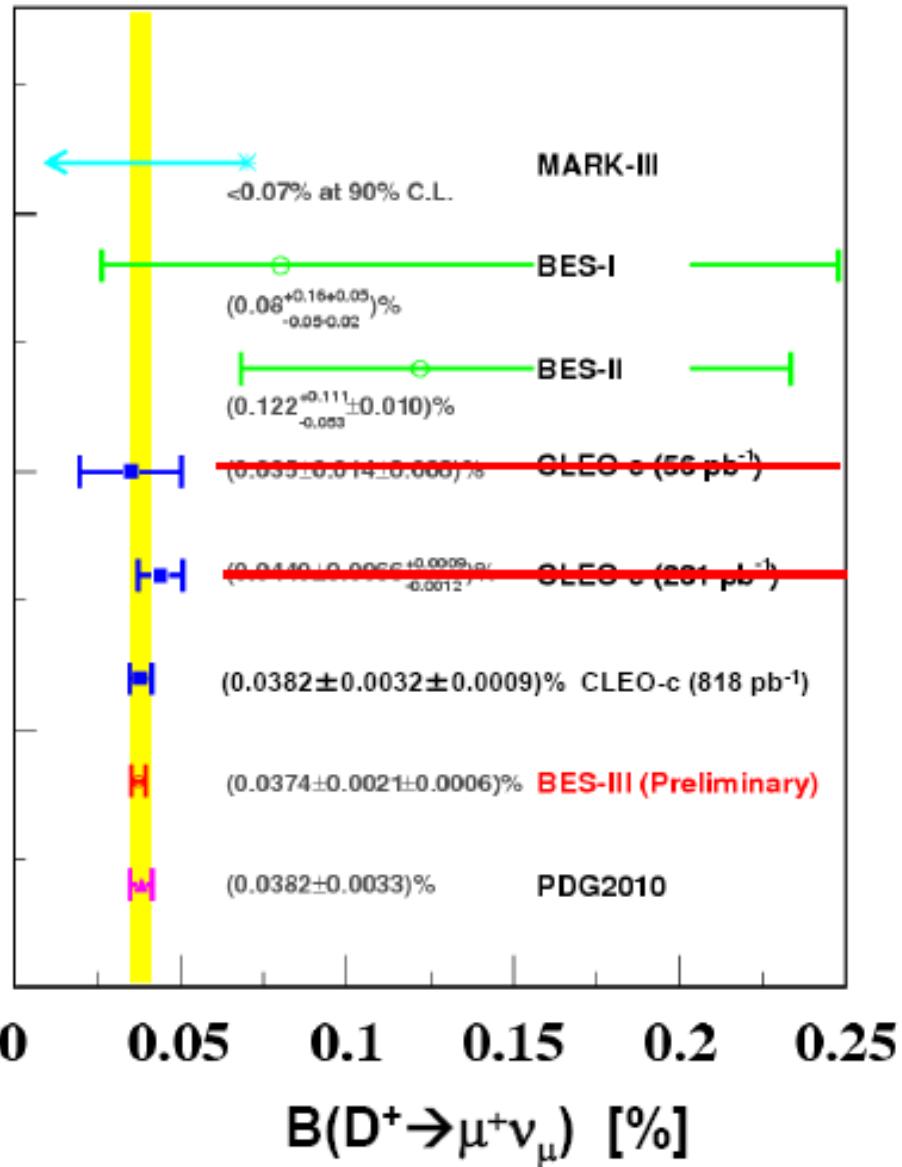
Results:

$$N(D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu) = 377.3 \pm 20.6$$

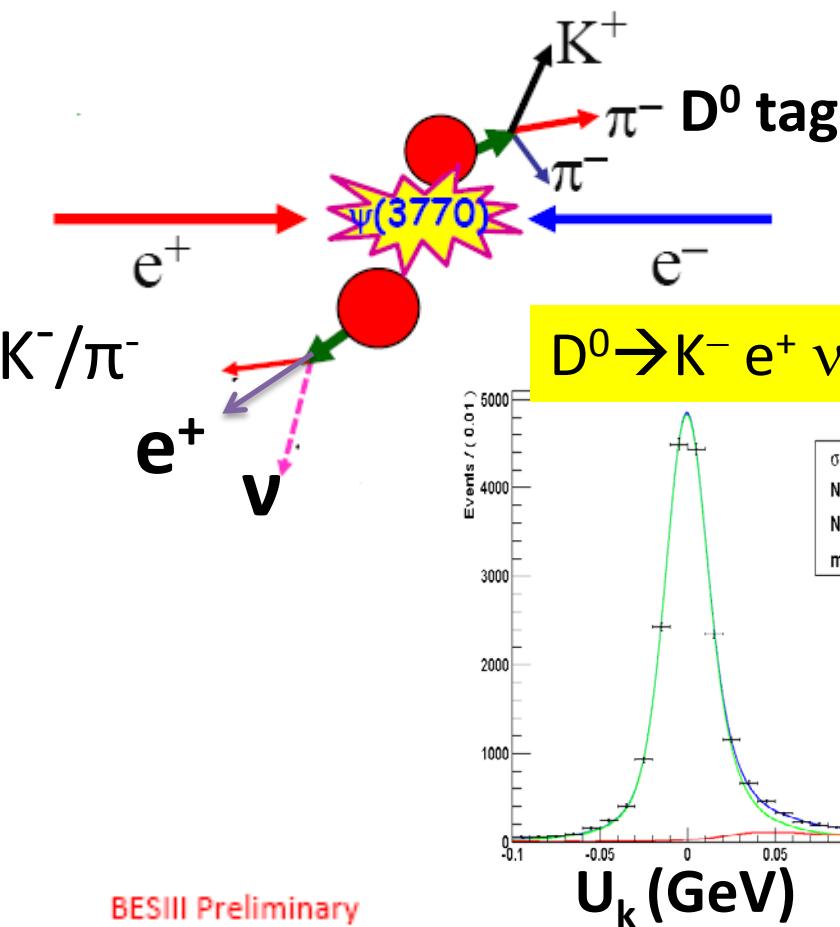
$$BF(D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu) = (3.74 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$f_{D^+} = (203.91 \pm 5.72 \pm 1.97) \text{ MeV}$$

Comparison of $B(D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+\nu_\mu)$ & f_D

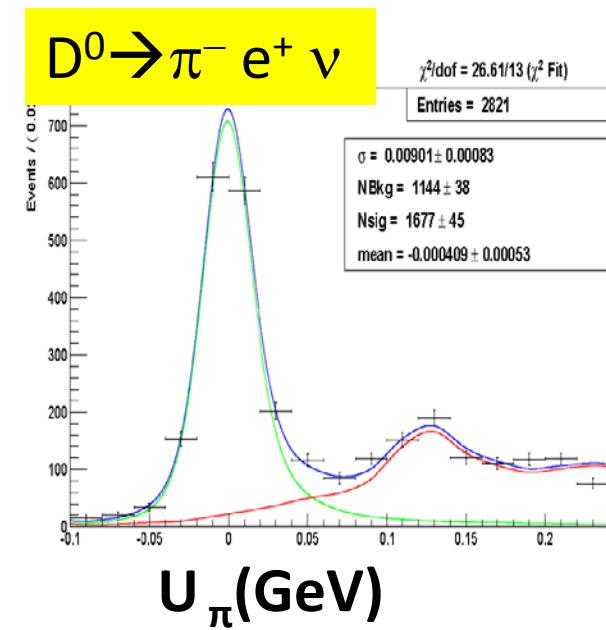
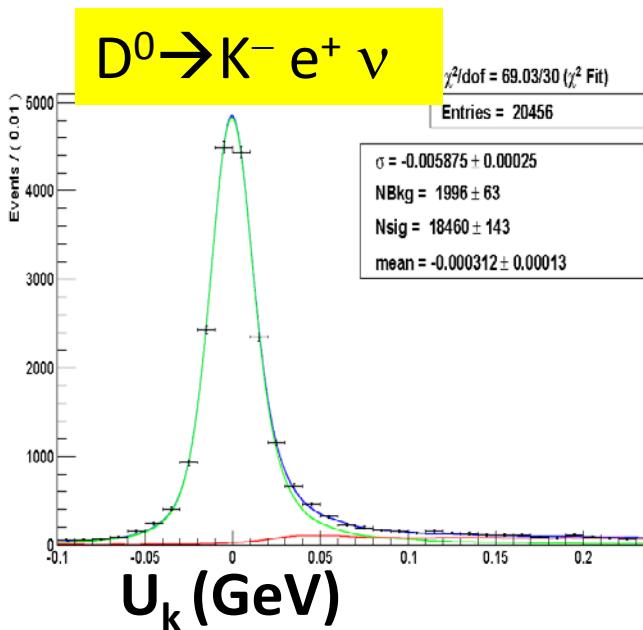


$D^0 \rightarrow K^-/\pi^- e^+ \nu$



- BESIII, ~ 2.93 fb-1 data taken at $\Psi(3770)$, ~ 923 pb-1 analyzed
- signal side: missing neutrino inferred

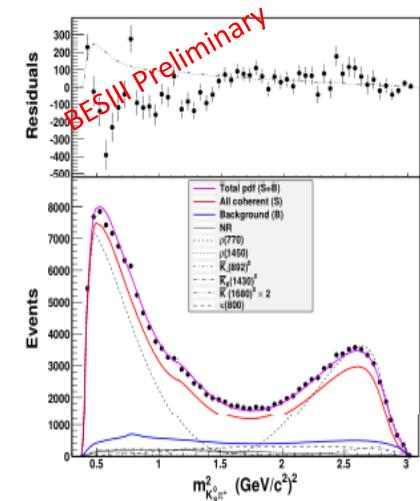
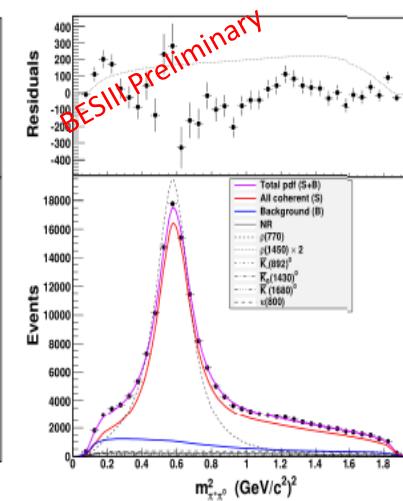
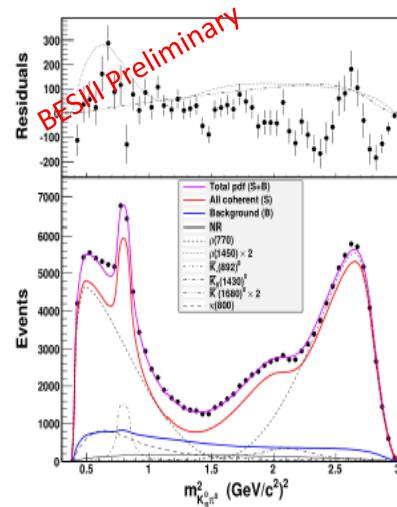
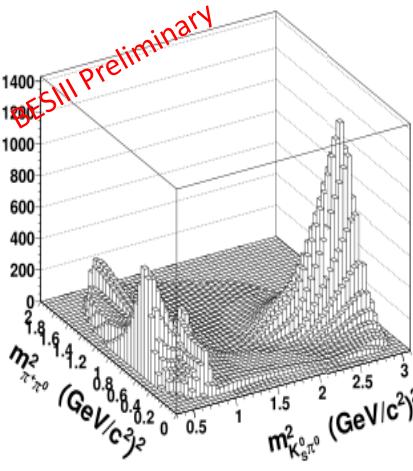
$$U = E_{\text{miss}} - c |\vec{P}_{\text{miss}}| \approx 0$$



BESIII Preliminary

Mode	measured branching fraction(%)	PDG	CLEOc
$\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+ e^- \bar{\nu}$	$3.542 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.067$	3.55 ± 0.04	$3.50 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.04$
$\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu}$	$0.288 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.005$	0.289 ± 0.008	$0.288 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.003$

Dalitz plot analysis of $D^+ \rightarrow K_S\pi^+\pi^0$



Resonance	Parameter (MeV)	BES-III		E791 Model C	CLEO-c	
		Model C	Model I2		Model C	Model I2
$K_0^*(1430)$ PDG 1425 ± 50 270 ± 80	BW	Mass	$1464 \pm 6 \pm 9^{+9}_{-28}$	1459 ± 14	$1463.0 \pm 0.7 \pm 2.4$	$1466.6 \pm 0.7 \pm 3.4$
		Width	$190 \pm 7 \pm 11^{+6}_{-26}$	175 ± 17	$163.8 \pm 2.7 \pm 3.1$	$174.2 \pm 1.9 \pm 3.2$
	Flatt	Mass	1482 ± 10		1462.5 ± 3.9	1471.2 ± 0.8
		$g_{K\pi}$	585 ± 14		532.9 ± 8.5	546.8 ± 4.2
κ	BW	$g_{K\eta}$	0		0	0
		$g_{K\eta'}$	452 ± 85		197 ± 106	230 ± 32
	BW	Mass	860 ± 11	797 ± 47	809 ± 14	888 ± 2
		Width	446 ± 23	410 ± 97	470 ± 18	550 ± 12
	Pole	Re	$752 \pm 15 \pm 69^{+55}_{-73}$		769.9 ± 6.3	$706.0 \pm 1.8 \pm 22.8$
		Im	$-229 \pm 21 \pm 44^{+40}_{-55}$		-221.2 ± 8.4	$-319.4 \pm 2.2 \pm 20.2$

Summary

- **BESIII is successfully operating since 2008**
 - World largest data samples at J/ψ , ψ' , $\psi(3770)$, $\psi(4040)$, $\Upsilon(4260)$ already collected, more data in future coming soon
- **Hadron spectroscopy**
 - Observation of $X(3872)$, $Z_c(3900)$, $Z_c(4025)$
 - PWA of $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$, $\gamma \eta\eta$, $\gamma\omega\phi$
 - Observation of $X(1840)$
 - η/η' physics
- **Charmonium physics**
 - Measurement of $\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c$ with η_c exclusive decays
 - Observation of $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)$
- **Charm physics**
 - Precision open-charm D physics to come soon.
- **Expect more results from BESIII in the future !**

Thank you !