

Recent Results from BESIII

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Outline

- Status of BEPCII/BESIII
- Results from Charmonium data samples
- Summary

physics at BESIII

arXiv:0809.1869 [hep-ex]

IJMP A V24, No1(2009)supp

This Talk

Charmonium physics:

- Spectroscopy
- transitions and decays

Light hadron physics:

- meson & baryon spectroscopy
- glueball & hybrid
- two-photon physics
- e.m. form factors of nucleon

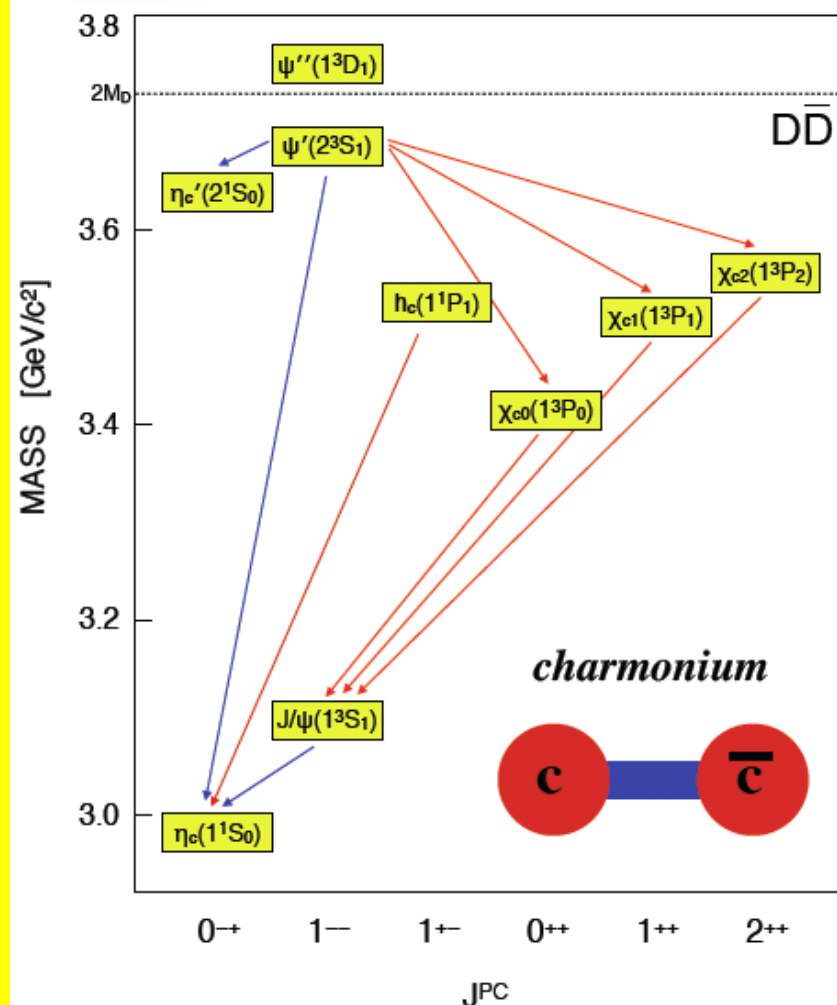
Charm physics:

- (semi)leptonic + hadronic decays
- decay constant, form factors
- CKM matrix: V_{cd} , V_{cs}
- D^0 - D^0 bar mixing and CP violation
- rare/forbidden decays

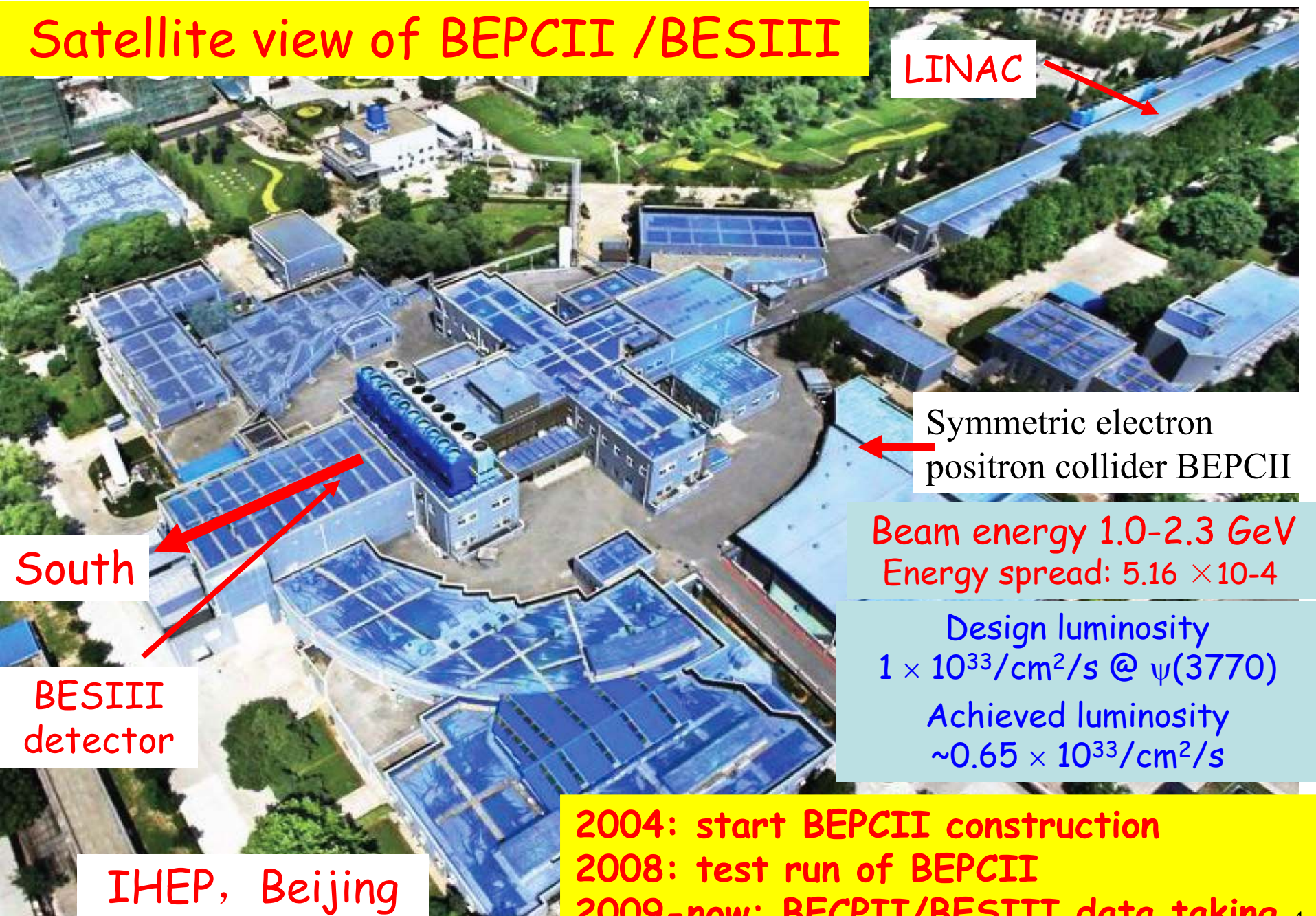
Tau physics:

- Tau decays near threshold
- tau mass scan

...and many more.



Satellite view of BEPCII / BESIII



LINAC

Symmetric electron
positron collider BEPCII

Beam energy 1.0-2.3 GeV
Energy spread: 5.16×10^{-4}

Design luminosity
 $1 \times 10^{33}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ @ $\psi(3770)$
Achieved luminosity
 $\sim 0.65 \times 10^{33}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$

2004: start BEPCII construction
2008: test run of BEPCII
2009-now: BEPCII/BESIII data taking

IHEP, Beijing

BESIII detector: all new !

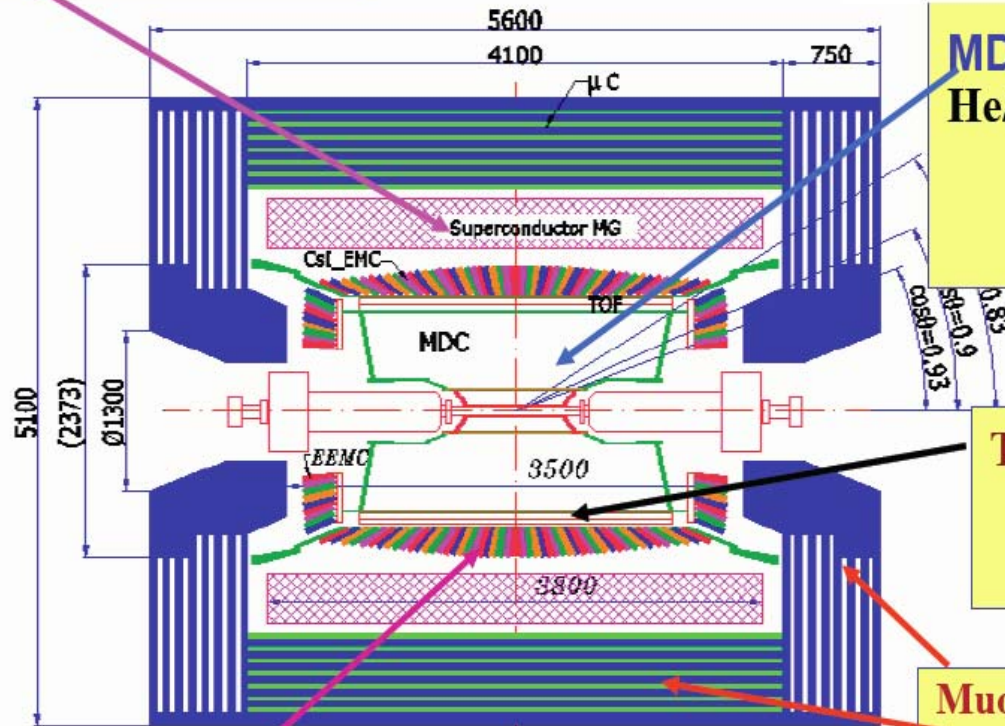
BESIII Detector

CsI calorimeter

Precision tracking

Time-of-flight + dE/dx PID

Magnet: 1 T Super conducting



MDC: small cell & Gas:
He/C₃H₈ (60/40), 43 layers
 $\sigma_{xy} = 130 \mu\text{m}$
 $\sigma_p/p = 0.5\% @ 1\text{GeV}$
 $dE/dx = 6\%$

TOF:
 $\sigma_T = 100 \text{ ps}$ Barrel
110 ps Endcap

Muon ID: 9 layers RPC
8 layers for endcap

EMC: CsI crystal, 28 cm
 $\Delta E/E = 2.5\% @ 1 \text{ GeV}$
 $\sigma_z = 0.6 \text{ cm}/\sqrt{E}$

Data Acquisition:
Event rate = 4 kHz
Total data volume ~ 50 MB/s

BESIII Data samples

- So far BESIII has collected :
 - 2009: 220 Million J/ψ
 - 2009: 106 Million ψ'
 - 2010-11: $\sim 2.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 $\psi(3770)$
($3.5 \times \text{CLEO-c } 0.818 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)
 - May 2011: $\sim 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
@4010 MeV (one month)
for Ds and XYZ
spectroscopy
- BESIII will also collect:
 - more J/ψ , ψ' , $\psi(3770)$
 - data at higher energies
(for XYZ searches,
R scan and Ds physics)

Year	Running Plan
2012	J/ψ : 1 billion / $\psi(2S)$: 0.5 billion (approved)
2013	4170 MeV: Ds decay R scan ($E > 4 \text{ GeV}$)
2014	$\psi(2S)/\tau$ / R scan ($E > 4 \text{ GeV}$)
2015	$\psi(3770)$: $5\text{-}10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (our final goal)

Red: be approved by BESIII Collaboration

Released results of BESIII

- Charmonium Spectroscopy and Transitions

- Properties of the h_c (*PRL 104, 132002 (2010)*)
- $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \gamma J/\psi$ (*submitted soon*)

10 papers published

- Charmonium Decays

- $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0, \eta \eta$ (*PRD 81, 052005 (2010)*)
- $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \gamma \rho, \gamma \omega, \gamma \phi$ (*PRD 83, 112005 (2011)*)
- $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \omega \omega, \phi \phi, \omega \phi$ (*submitted to PRL*)
- $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0, \gamma \eta, \gamma \eta'$ (*PRL 105, 261801 (2010)*)
- $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow 4\pi^0$ (*PRD 83, 012006 (2011)*)
- η, η' and $\eta_c \rightarrow \pi \pi$ (*submitted to PRD*)
- Observation of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p \bar{p} K^+ K^-$ (*PRD 83, 112009 (2011)*)

- Light Quark States

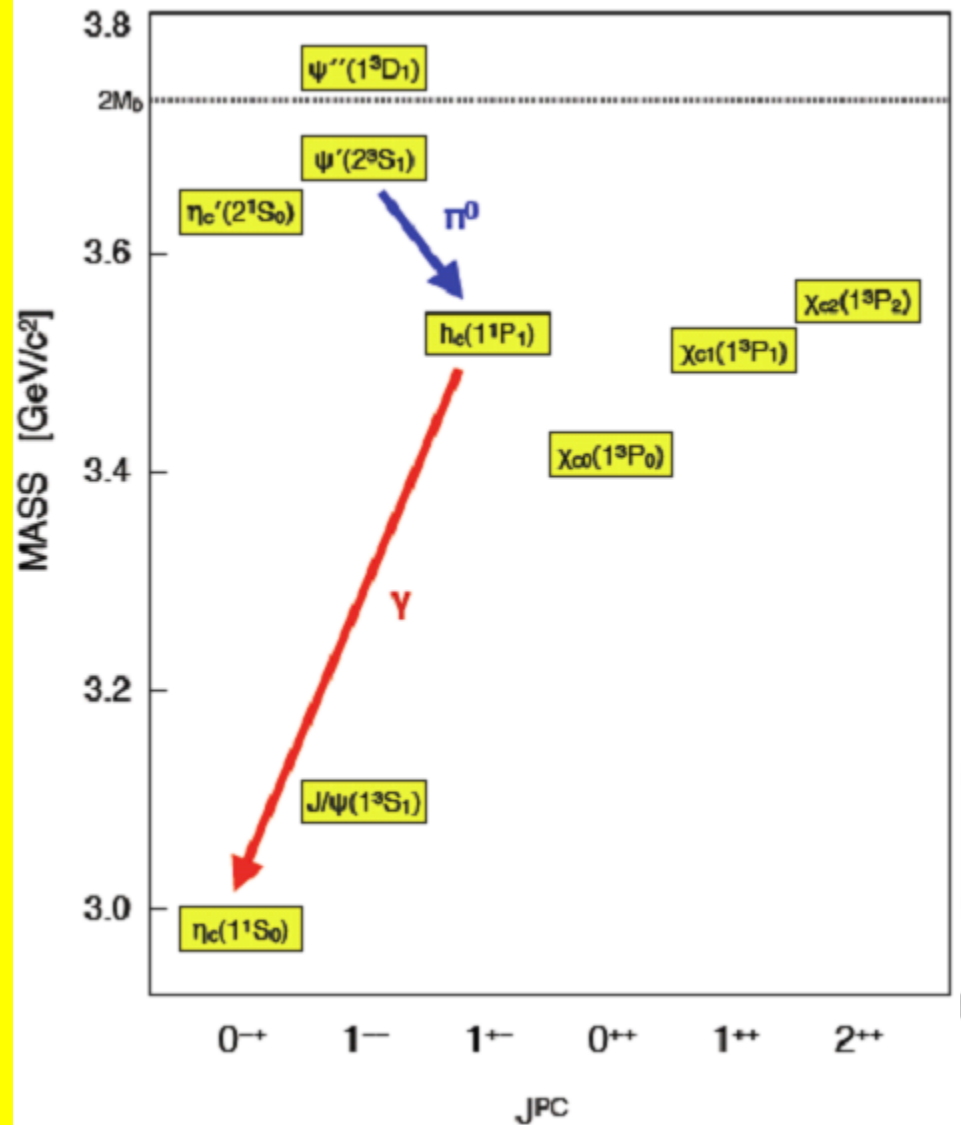
- $a_0(980) - f_0(980)$ mixing (*PRD 83, 032003 (2011)*)
- $\eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$ matrix element (*PRD 83, 012003 (2011)*)
- $X(1860)$ in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma (p \bar{p})$ (*Chinese Physics C 34, 4 (2010)*)
- $X(1835)$ in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma (\eta' \pi^+ \pi^-)$ (*PRL 106, 072002 (2011)*)
- $X(1870)$ in $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega (\eta \pi^+ \pi^-)$ (*submitted to PRL*)

More than 20 analyses are under internal review!

Observation of h_c at BESIII

Property of h_c (1p1)

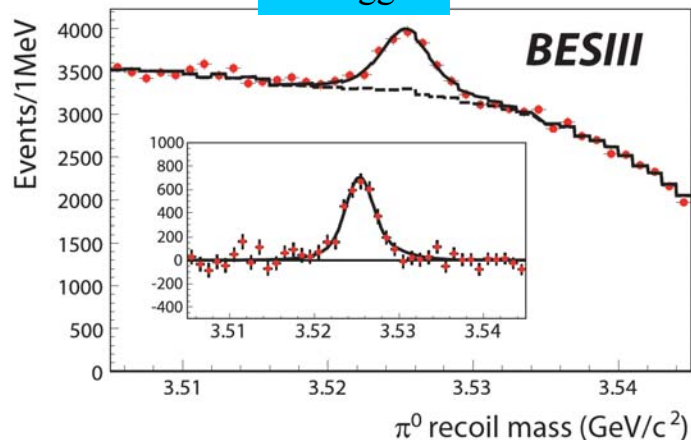
- First evidence: E835 in
 $pp \rightarrow h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$ (PRD72,092004(2005))
- CLEO-c observed h_c in
 $ee \rightarrow \psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c$, $h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$
 $\Delta M_{\text{hf}}(1P) = 0.08 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.12 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
(PRL104,132002(2010))
- Study isospin forbidden transition:
 $B(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c)$
- Measure as well the E1 transition:
 $B(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c)$
- $M(h_c)$ gives access to hyperfine splitting of 1P states:
 $\Delta M_{\text{hf}}(1P) = M(h_c) -$
 $1/9(M(\chi_{c0}) + 3M(\chi_{c1}) + 5M(\chi_{c2}))$



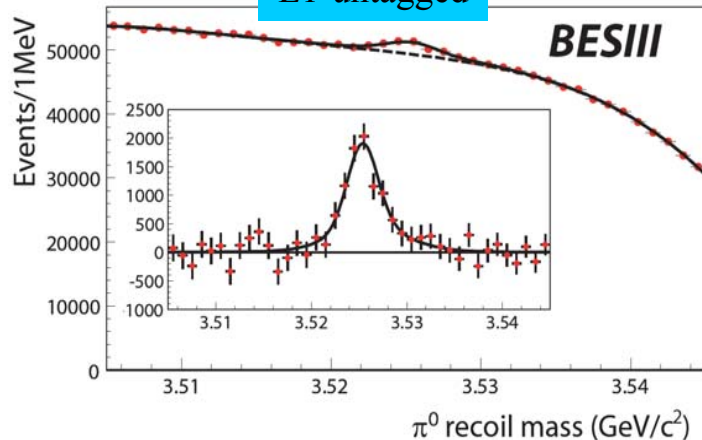
Observation of h_c at BESIII (inclusive)

BESIII Collaboration: PRL104, 132002, (2010)

E1-tagged



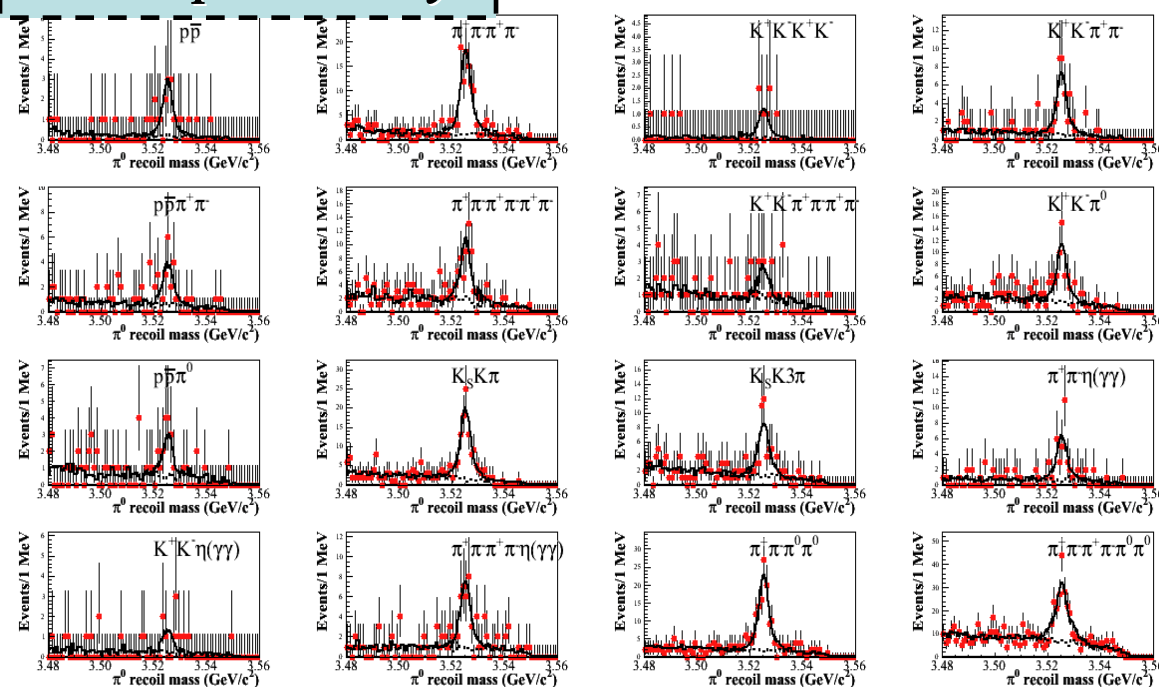
E1-untagged



- Select inclusive π^0 ($\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c$)
- Select E1-photon in $h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$ (E1 tagged) or not (E1 untagged)
- E1-tagged selection gives
 - $M(h_c) = 3525.40 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.18 \text{ MeV}$
 - $(\Delta M_{hf}(1P) = 0.10 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.18 \text{ MeV}/c^2)$
 - $\Gamma(h_c) = 0.73 \pm 0.45 \pm 0.28 \text{ MeV}$ (first measurement)
 - $(< 1.44 \text{ MeV at 90\% CL})$
 - $\text{Br}(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c) \times \text{Br}(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c) =$
 - $(4.58 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.50) \times 10^{-4}$
- E1-untagged selection gives
 - $\text{Br}(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c) = (8.4 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-4}$
- Combining branching fractions leads to
 - $\text{Br}(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c) = (54.3 \pm 6.7 \pm 5.2)\%$
 - (first measurement)

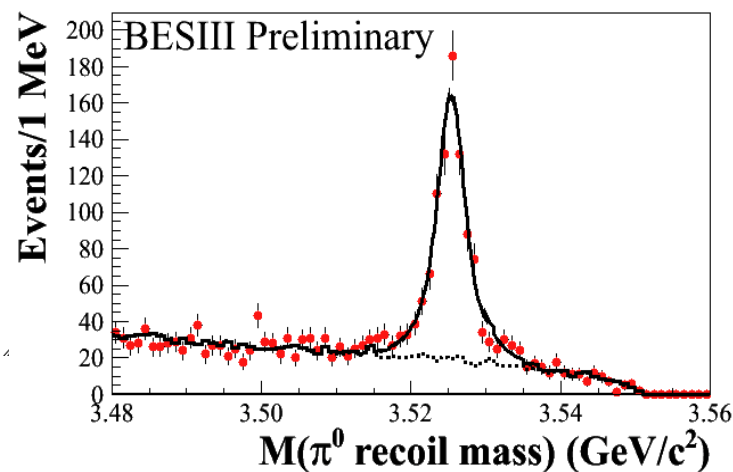
Measurements of the h_c properties at BESIII (exclusive)

BESIII preliminary



$\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c$, $h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$,
 η_c is reconstructed
 exclusively with
 16 decay modes

Summed π^0 recoil mass



Simultaneous fit to π^0 recoiling mass:

$$M(h_c) = 3525.31 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.15 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma(h_c) = 0.70 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV}$$

$$N = 832 \pm 35$$

$$\chi^2/\text{d.o.f.} = 32/46$$

BESIII preliminary

Consistent with BESIII inclusive
 results PRL104, 132002(2010)

CLEOc exclusive results

$$M(h_c) = 3525.21 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.14 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$N = 136 \pm 14$$

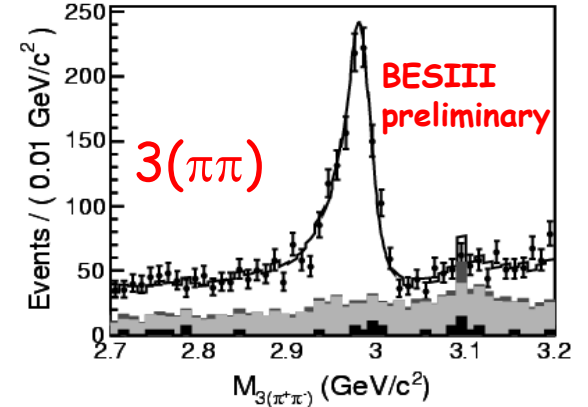
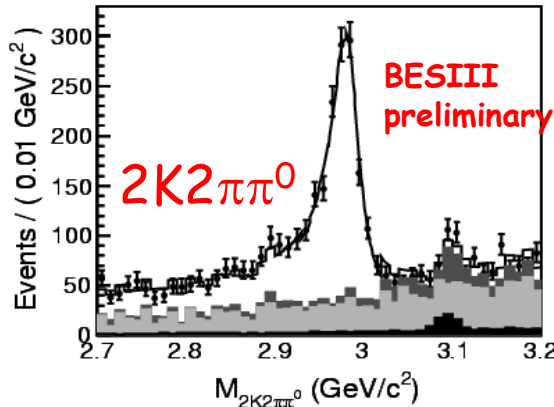
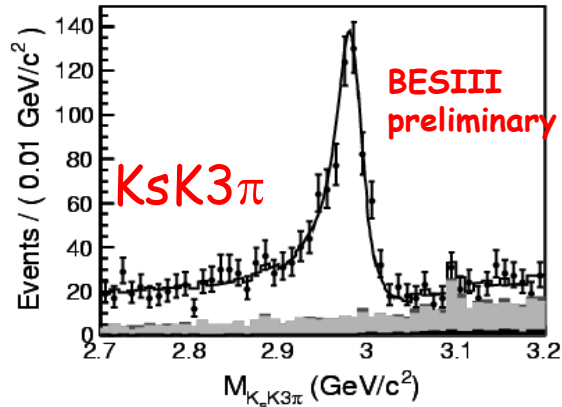
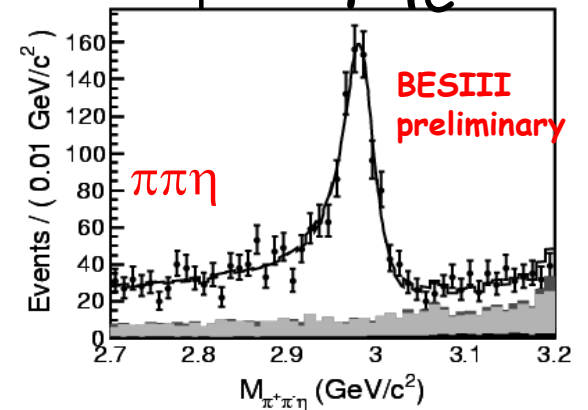
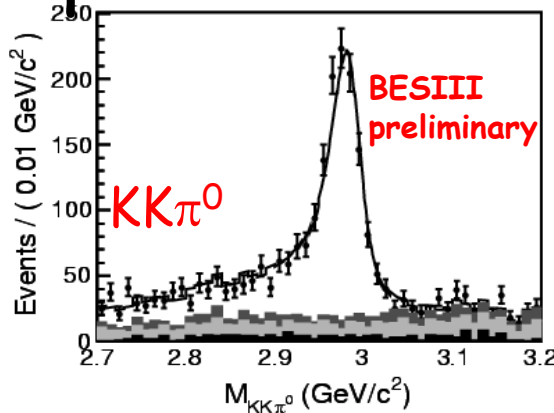
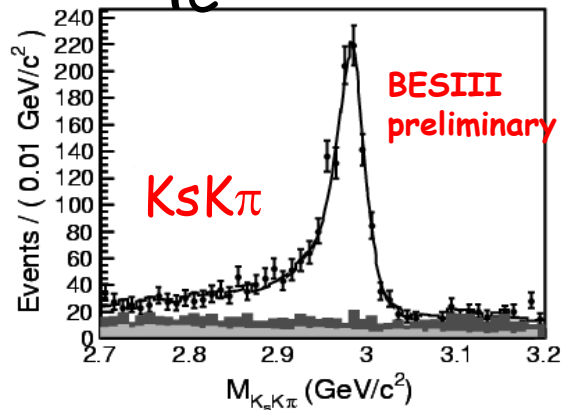
PRL101, 182003(2008)

Measurement of the η_c
resonance parameters from
 $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$

Introduction

- The lowest lying S-wave spin singlet charmonium η_c was discovered in 1980 by MarkII.
 - Earlier experiments using J/ψ radiative transition gives $M(\eta_c) \sim 2978.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$, $\Gamma(\eta_c) \sim 10 \text{ MeV}$.
 - Recent studies using the two-photon processes gives $M(\eta_c) = 2983.1 \pm 1.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$, $\Gamma(\eta_c) = 31.3 \pm 1.9 \text{ MeV}$.
 - The most recent study from CLEO-c pointed out the distortion of the η_c line shape in ψ' decays.
- Measurement of the η_c properties at BESIII
 - ◆ Data sample: 106M ψ' events, 45 pb^{-1} continuum data at 3.65 GeV
 - ◆ Decay modes X_i : $K_S K \pi$, $K^+ K^- \pi^0$, $\eta \pi^+ \pi^-$, $K_S K 3\pi$, $K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$, $3(\pi^+ \pi^-)$, where $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$, $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

η_c resonance parameters from $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$



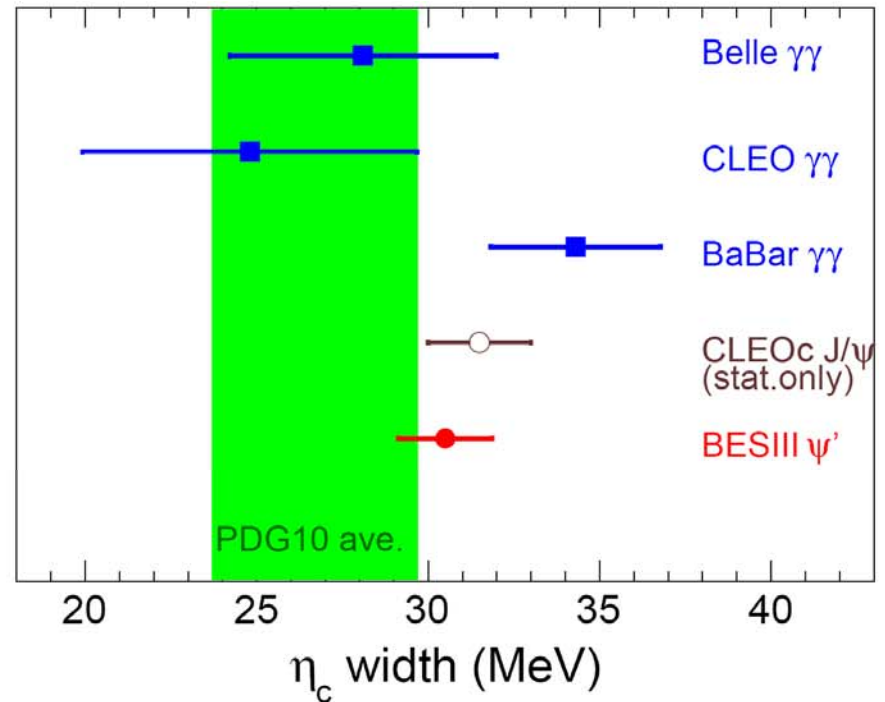
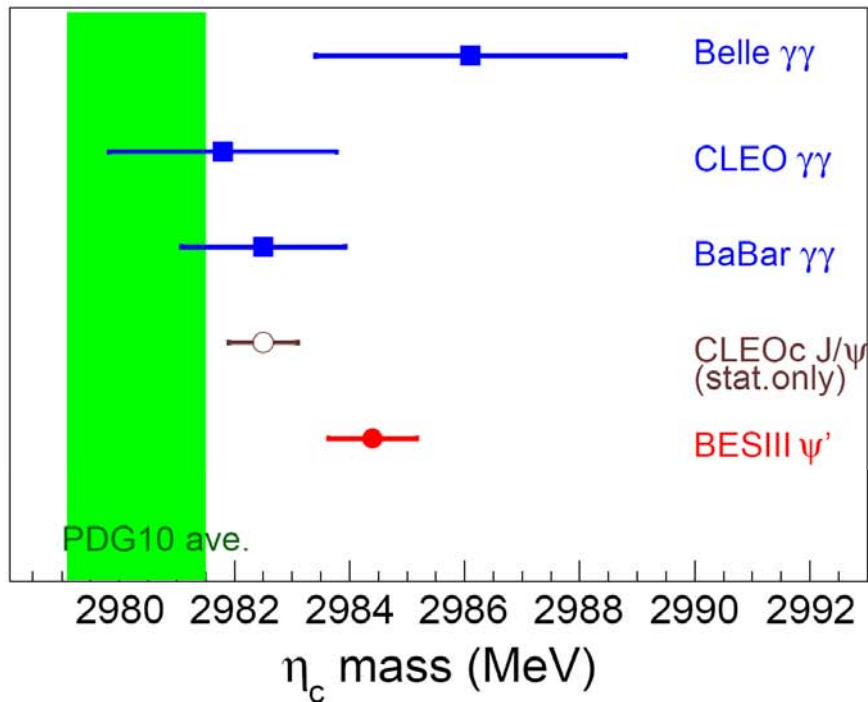
Simultaneous fit with r-BW by considering **the interference between η_c and non- η_c decays**, as well as the energy dependence of phase space:

mass: $2984.4 \pm 0.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.6_{\text{sys}}$ MeV/c²
width: $30.5 \pm 1.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.9_{\text{sys}}$ MeV
 ϕ : $2.35 \pm 0.05_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.04_{\text{sys}}$ rad

ϕ : relative phase between η_c decay and non-resonant component under the signal region by assuming all non- η_c is 0^- , and an universal phase for different modes is used.

Comparison of the mass and width for η_c

The world average in PDG2010 was using earlier results



BESIII results include both stat. and syst. errors, which is the most precision measurement.

**First observation of the M1
transition $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)$**

Introduction

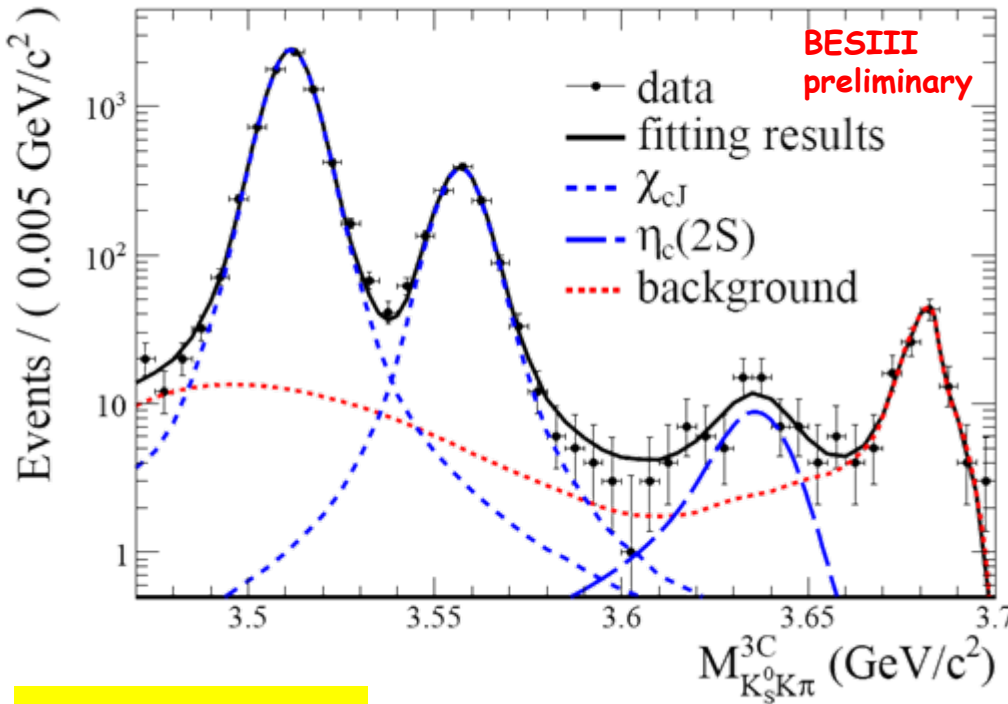
- First “observation” by Crystal Ball in 1982 ($M=3.592$, $B=0.2\%-1.3\%$ from $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma X$, never confirmed by other experiments.)
- Published results about $\eta_c(2S)$ observation:

Experiment	M [MeV]	Γ [MeV]	Process
Belle [1]	$3654 \pm 6 \pm 8$	—	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \eta_c(2S), \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S K^\pm \pi^\mp$
CLEO [2]	$3642.9 \pm 3.1 \pm 1.5$	$6.3 \pm 12.4 \pm 4.0$	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S K^\pm \pi^\mp$
BaBar [3]	$3630.8 \pm 3.4 \pm 1.0$	$17.0 \pm 8.3 \pm 2.5$	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S K^\pm \pi^\mp$
BaBar [4]	$3645.0 + 5.5^{+4.9}_{-7.8}$	—	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi c\bar{c}$
PDG [5]	3638 ± 4	14 ± 7	—

Combined with the results based on two-photon processes from BaBar and Belle reported at ICHEP 2010, the world average $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S))=12 \pm 3$ MeV

- The M1 transition $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)$ has not been observed.
(experimental challenge : search for real photons ~ 50 MeV,)
- Better chance to observe $\eta_c(2S)$ in ψ' radiative transition with ~ 106 M ψ' data at BESIII.
- Decay mode studied: $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K_S K \pi$ ($K^+ K^- \pi^0$ etc. in progress)

Observation of $\eta_c(2S)$ in $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S), \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_s K \pi$



Mass fitting:

χ_{cJ} : MC shape \otimes a Gaussian

$\eta_c(2S)$ signal:

$$(E_\gamma^3 \times BW(m) \times \text{damping}(E_\gamma)) \otimes \text{Gauss}(0, \sigma)$$

\downarrow

M1 transition

\downarrow

$$\frac{E_0^2}{E_\gamma E_0 + (E_\gamma - E_0)^2}$$

$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S))$ fixed to 12 MeV (world average)

With 106M ψ' events:

BESIII fit results:

$$M(\eta_c(2S)) = (3638.5 \pm 2.3 \pm 1.0) \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$N(\eta_c(2S)) = 50.6 \pm 9.7$$

Statistical significance larger than 6.0σ !

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K_s K \pi) \\ = (2.98 \pm 0.57_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.48_{\text{sys}}) \times 10^{-6} \end{aligned}$$

+

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K K \pi) &= (1.9 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.1)\% \\ \text{From BABAR (PRD78,012006)} \end{aligned}$$



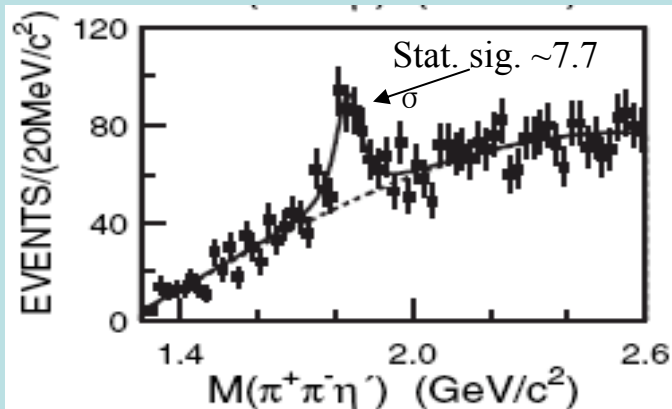
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) \\ = (4.7 \pm 0.9_{\text{stat}} \pm 3.0_{\text{sys}}) \times 10^{-4} \end{aligned}$$

CLEO-c: $< 7.6 \times 10^{-4}$
PRD81,052002(2010)

Potential model: $(0.1 - 6.2) \times 10^{-4}$
PRL89,162002(2002)

Confirmation of $X(1835)$ and
observation of two new
structures in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta' \pi^+ \pi^-$

Confirmation of X(1835) and two new structures



BESII PRL 95,262001(2005)

Decay modes:

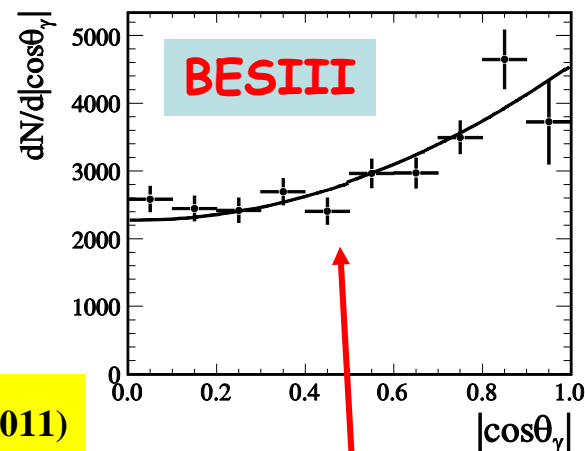
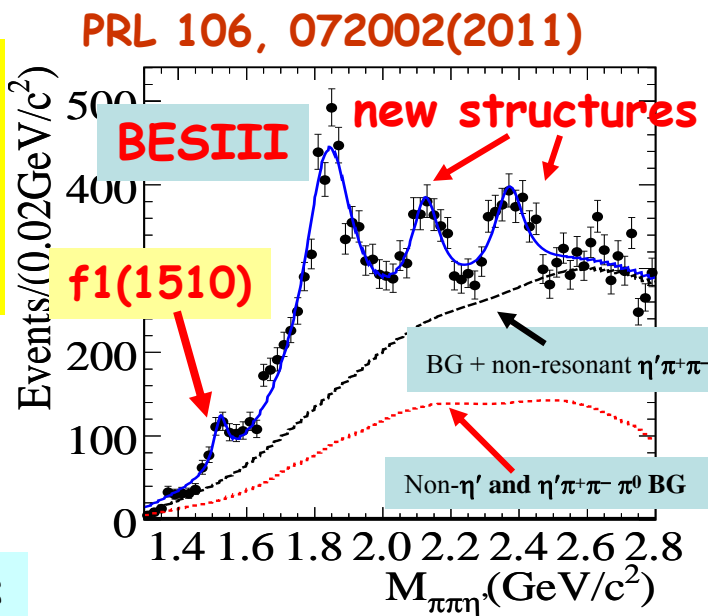
$$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta' \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\eta' \rightarrow \gamma \rho$$

**BESIII: 225M
J/ψ events,
new structures!**

BESIII results:



Resonance	M (MeV/c ²)	Γ (MeV/c ²)	Stat.Sig.
X(1835)	$1836.5 \pm 3.0^{+5.6}_{-2.1}$	$190.1 \pm 9.0^{+38}_{-36}$	$>20 \sigma$
X(2120)	$2122.4 \pm 6.7^{+4.7}_{-2.7}$	$83 \pm 16^{+31}_{-11}$	7.2σ
X(2370)	$2376.3 \pm 8.7^{+3.2}_{-4.3}$	$83 \pm 17^{+44}_{-6}$	6.4σ

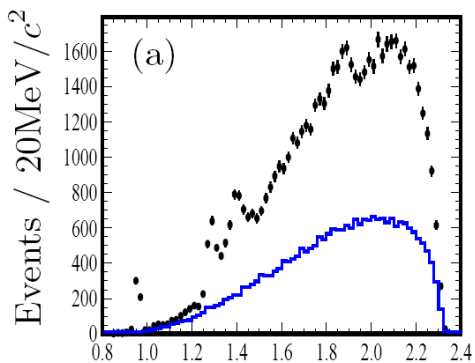
Nature of X(2120)/X(2370): (PRD82,074026,2010, PRD83:114007,2011)
pseudoscalar glueball? η/η' excited states?

An amplitude analysis could help with interpretation for the additional new structures!

X(1835) consistent with 0^{-+} , but the others are not excluded

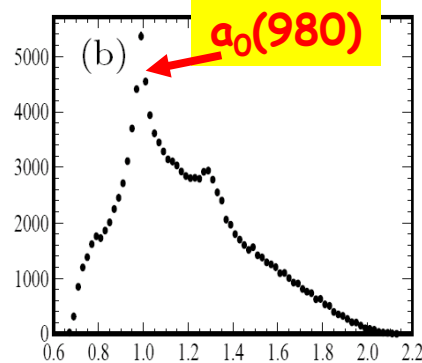
Observation of $X(1870)$ in
 $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega X, X \rightarrow a_0(980)\pi$

$X(1870)$ in $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega X, X \rightarrow a_0^\pm(980)\pi^\mp$ [hep-ex]1107.1806

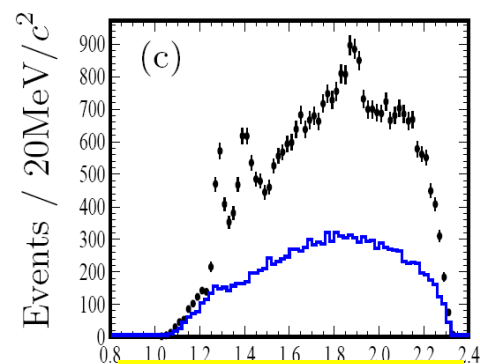


$M(\eta\pi^+\pi^-)$

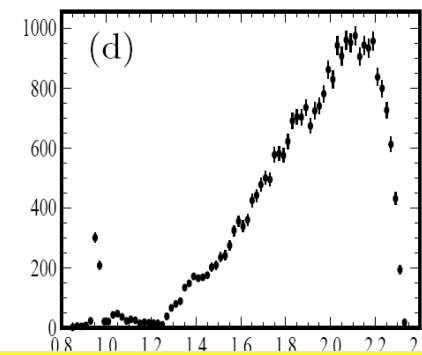
BESIII preliminary



$M(\eta\pi^\pm)$

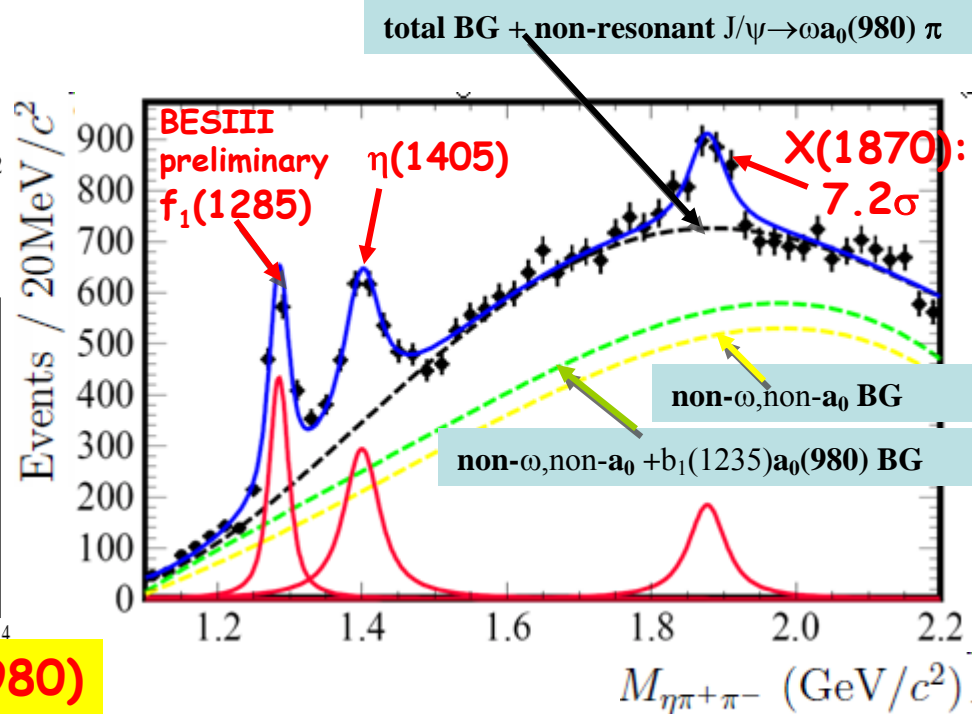


$M(a_0(980)\pi)$



$M(\eta\pi^+\pi^-)$ non- $a_0(980)$

Decay mode: $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$,
 $a_0(980)$ reconstructed in $\eta \pi^\pm$



BESIII fit results: $BR(J/\psi \rightarrow \omega X, X \rightarrow a_0^\pm(980)\pi^\mp)$

Resonance	Mass (MeV/ c^2)	Width (MeV/ c^2)	Branch ratio (10^{-4})
$f_1(1285)$	$1285.1 \pm 1.0^{+1.6}_{-0.3}$	$22.0 \pm 3.1^{+2.0}_{-1.5}$	$1.25 \pm 0.10^{+0.19}_{-0.20}$
$\eta(1405)$	$1399.8 \pm 2.2^{+2.8}_{-0.1}$	$52.8 \pm 7.6^{+0.1}_{-7.6}$	$1.89 \pm 0.21^{+0.21}_{-0.23}$
$X(1870)$	$1877.3 \pm 6.3^{+3.4}_{-7.4}$	$57 \pm 12^{+19}_{-4}$	$1.50 \pm 0.26^{+0.72}_{-0.36}$

Identification
of $X(1870)$: $0^{+}(?)$
It is $X(1835)$?
Need PWA!

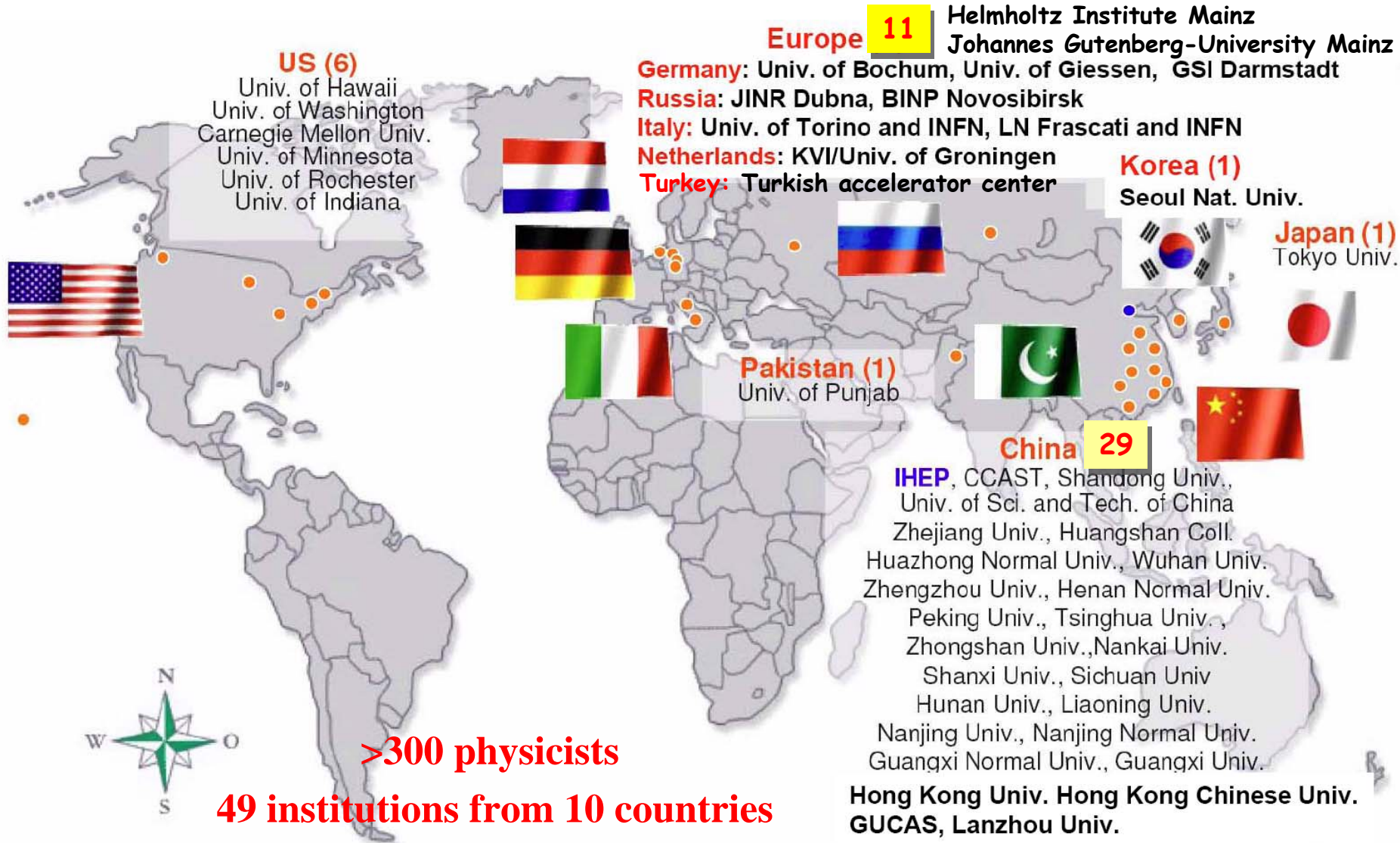
Summary

- BESIII is successfully operating since 2008:
 1. recorded huge data samples at J/ψ , ψ' and $\psi(3770)$.
 2. more data (also at higher energies) in future.
- Charmonium spectroscopy and transitions:
 1. measured the h_c resonance parameters (inclusive & exclusive).
 2. measured the $\eta_c(1S)$ parameters precisely in $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(1S)$.
 3. first observed of $\eta_c(2S)$ in $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)$ decay.
- Light quark states
 1. confirmed $X(1835)$ with two new structures in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi \pi \eta'$.
 2. observed a new structure $X(1870)$ in $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega \pi \pi \eta$.
- We expect rich physics results in the coming years from BESIII.

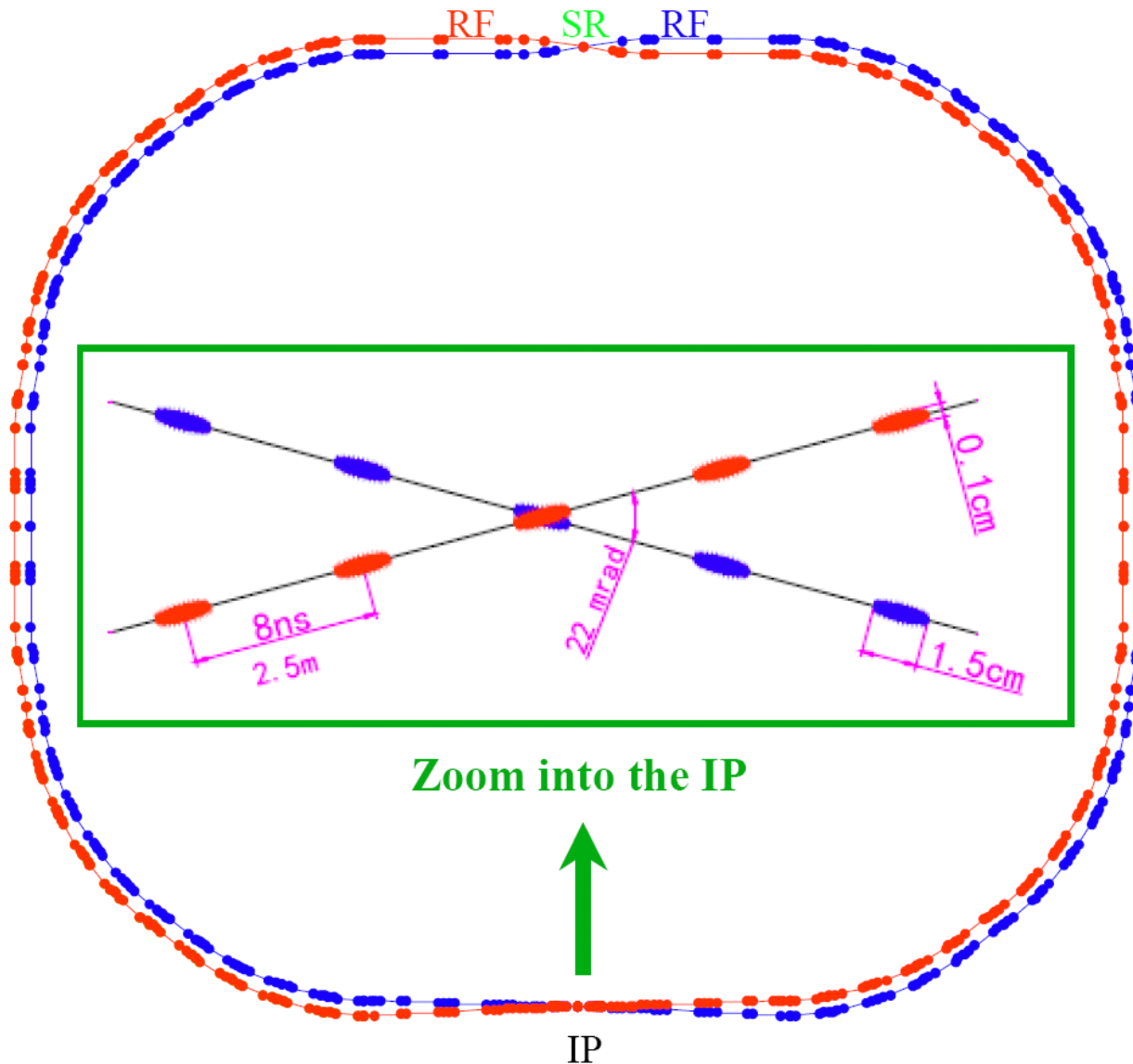
Thank you!

Backups

BESIII Collaboration



BEPCII storage rings



Beam energy:

1.0-2.3 GeV

Design Luminosity:

$1 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

Optimum energy:

1.89 GeV

Energy spread:

5.16×10^{-4}

No. of bunches:

93

Bunch length:

1.5 cm

Total current:

0.91 A

Circumference:

237m

Fitting function $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$

$$\sigma \otimes (\epsilon |e^{i\phi} f_1 \mathcal{S} + \alpha \text{Non}|^2 f_2) + BKG$$

- **S**: signal function (BW with mass width floated)
- **Non**: non-resonant γX_i PDF (a 2nd-order Chebychev function with free parameters)
- **BKG**: the sum of other backgrounds $\pi^0 X_i$ + other rare ψ' decays + continuum, fixed in the fitting
- ϕ : interference phase
- α : the strength of the non-resonant
- ϵ : mass-dependent efficiency
- σ : experimental resolution
- $f_1^2 f_2$: M1 form factor ($E_\gamma^4 E_\gamma^3 = E_\gamma^7$)

Preliminary: relative phase between η_c decays and non- η_c background

mode	yield	ϕ_i (stat.)	χ^2/dof
$K_S K \pi$	880.4	2.9 ± 0.3	1.1
$KK\pi^0$	948.4	2.4 ± 0.4	0.9
$\pi\pi\eta$	573.4	2.2 ± 0.2	1.2
$K_S K 3\pi$	432.3	2.3 ± 0.2	0.7
$2K2\pi\pi^0$	1033.6	2.6 ± 0.2	1.2
6π	664.4	2.5 ± 0.1	1.1
combined	4532.5	2.35 ± 0.05	-

*ϕ_i values from each mode are consistent within 3σ :
→ use a common phase in the simultaneous fit.*

Fitting function $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)$

➤ $\eta_c(2S)$ signal:

$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S))$ fixed to 12 MeV (world average)

$$(E_\gamma^3 \times BW(m) \times \text{damping}(E_\gamma)) \otimes \text{Gauss}(0, \sigma)$$

M1 transition

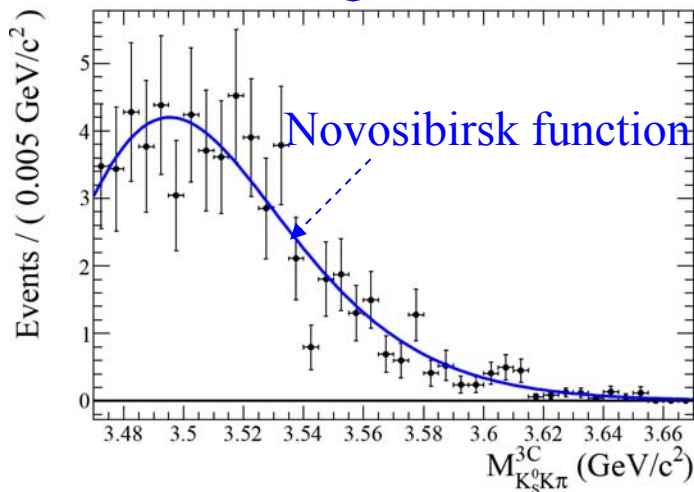
$$\frac{E_0^2}{E_\gamma E_0 + (E_\gamma - E_0)^2}$$

Fixed to the linear
Extrapolation from $\sigma(\chi_{cJ})$

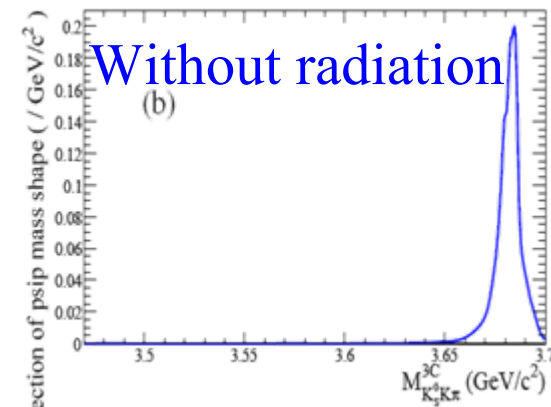
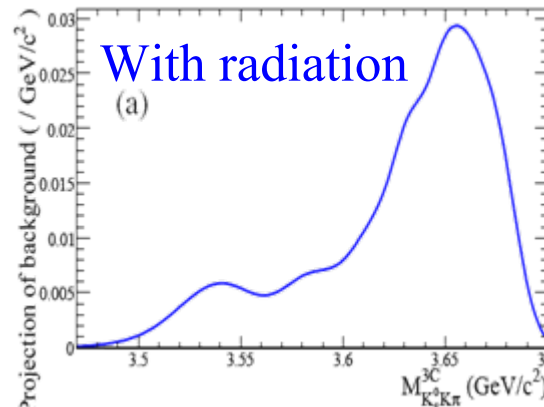
➤ χ_{cJ} : MC shape \otimes a Gaussian

➤ BG from $\pi^0 K_s K \pi$:

Measurement +
scaling with MC simulation



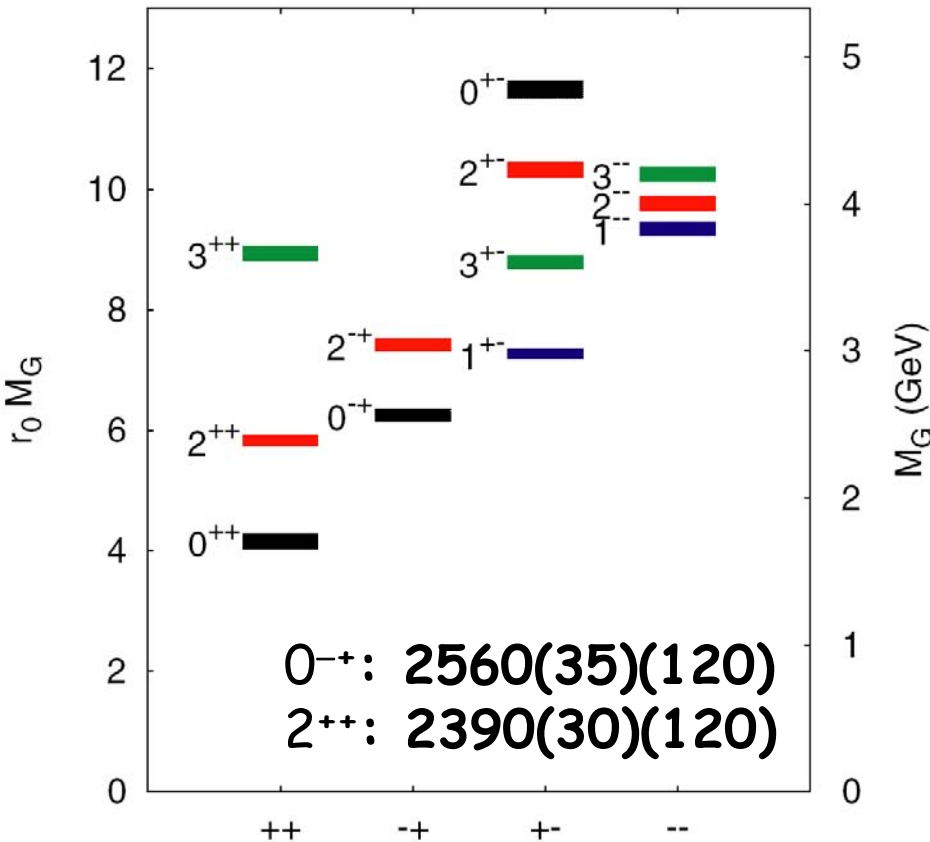
➤ BG from $\psi' \rightarrow K_s K \pi(\gamma_{\text{FSR}})$ & continuum ($K_s K \pi(\gamma_{\text{ISR}})$):



Ratio of the two is fixed in the final mass fitting

Nature of new structures in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta' \pi^+ \pi^-$

PRD73,014516(2006) Y.Chen et al



✓ It is the first time resonant structures are observed in the 2.3 GeV/c² region, it is interesting since:

LQCD predicts that the lowest lying pseudoscalar glueball: around 2.3 GeV/c².

$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi \pi \eta'$ decay is a good channel for finding 0⁻⁺ glueballs.

✓ Nature of X(2120)/X(2370)
pseudoscalar glueball?
 η/η' excited states?

PRD82,074026,2010

J.F. Liu, G.J. Ding and M.L. Yan

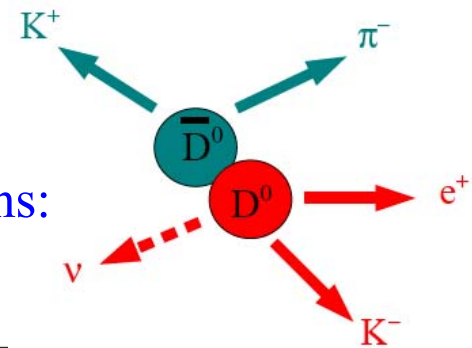
PRD83:114007,2011

([J.S. Yu](#), [Z.-F. Sun](#), [X. Liu](#), [Q. Zhao](#)),
and more...

Open charm with BESIII – Stay tuned !

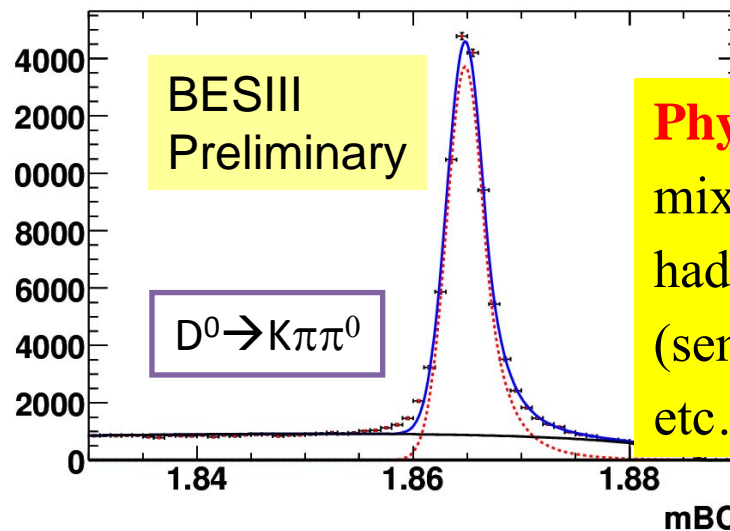
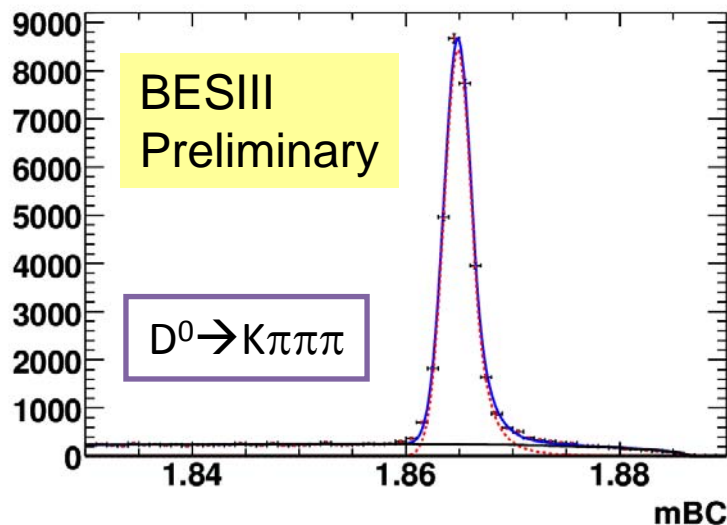
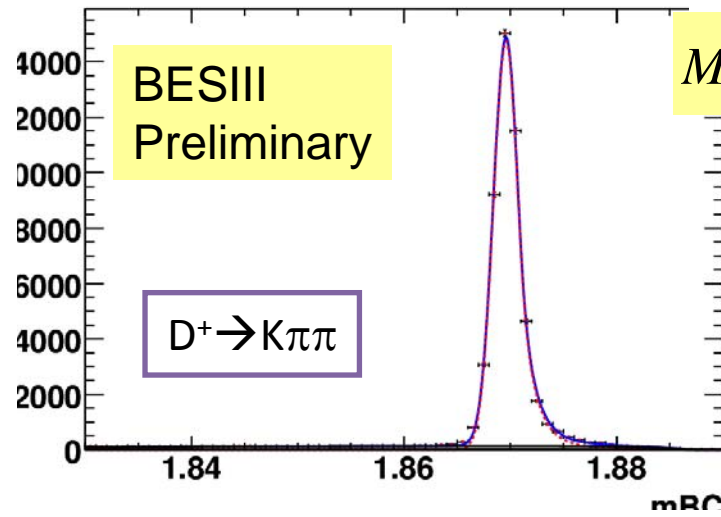
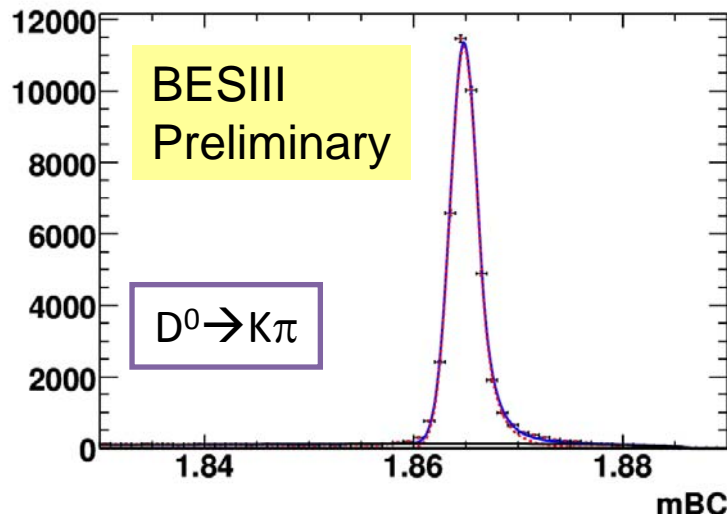
Use $\psi(3770) \rightarrow D\bar{D}_{\text{bar}}$ to produce two quantum correlated D mesons:

@ $\psi(3770)$ with 420pb^{-1} first clean single tagging sample:



$$M_{BC} = \sqrt{E_{\text{beam}}^2 - |p_D|^2}$$

Resolution:
1.3 MeV
for pure charged
modes;
1.9 MeV for
modes with one
 π^0 .



Physics:
mixing + CPV,
hadronic decays,
(semi)leptonic decays,
etc.....